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## TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

# ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT

## FOR THE YEAR

1968

MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND MINES

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MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND MINES

## ERRATA

Table of Contents read "Royalty Assessment" instead of Royal Assessment.

Page	1	Table 1		Line 2 Col. 4 read 151,444,945 instead of 157,444,945.
Page	26	Appendix	ш	Under the head Salt Water read "% of Total liquids produced" instead of % of Total Oil.
Page	27	Appendix	ША	Total Private Production 1967 read 4,033,509 instead of 1,033,509.
Page	34	Appendix	νш	Trinidad Northern Areas Limited Col. 16 read 25.6 instead of 19.9.
				Totals and Averages for Second Half Year Col. 16 read 27.0 instead of 27.9.
				Years Totals and Averages Col. 16 read 27.3 instead of 27.7.

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## DEVELOPMENTS IN THE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO PETROLEUM INDUSTRY - 1968

#### SUMMARY

Operations in the oil industry in Trinidad and Tobago during 1968 were in general maintained at the high level attained during the preceding years. Results, as summarised in Table I below, were indeed, quite satisfactory. Appendix I at the end of this report presents a summary of the Annual Statistics for the nation over the period 1959 - 1968.

	1965	1966	1967	1968
Crude Oil prod. (bbls.)	48,858,937	55,604,058	64,994,582	66, 903, 906
Nat. gas prod. (Mscf.)	111,502,617	118,927,017	140,338,345	157,444,945
Average GOR (Scf/bbl.)	2,282	2,138	2,160	2,264
CHPS (Nat. gasoline) prod. (bbls.)	196,778	187,962	191,995	163,670
Refinery Capacity	360,000	390,000	405,000	430,000
Refinery Throughput	137,165,210	144,193,269	138,924,636	151,282,098
Total Wells completed	222	272	221	175
Average depth of comp. wells (ft.)	4,823	4,427	4,328	5,356
Total footage	1,058,736	1,187,202	928,210	942,686
Oil and gas wells comp.	201	247	197	151
Percent success	91.0	91.0	90.3	86.9
Proven crude oil reserves (million bbls.)	521	580	612	N.A.*
Acreage Developed	38,590	40,420	42,175	43,630
Average Rigs running	15.0	15.0	9.5	8.2

#### TABLE I - SUMMARY OF DATA FOR TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO PETROLEUM INDUSTRY

\* An accurate reserve figure is not available at the present time.

The most significant result was the discovery by the Pan American Trinidad Oil Company, of a large deep gas-condensate field off the East Coast of Trinidad.

The discovery of new oil and gas fields has been, for some time now, an urgent need of the country. Realising this, the Government itself, with United Nations assistance, took the initiative in carrying out. during 1968, a seismic survey of the marine area between the islands of Trinidad and Tobago. The results of this survey have been most encouraging confirming the existence of appreciable sedimentary thicknesses and excellent geological structures.

To complement its action in this field Government is also using its best efforts to encourage exploratory drilling on land. Texaco, in particular, has very actively responded to this call. However, no new field was discovered on land during the year and apart from the East Coast find, the reserves of which cannot yet be fully evaluated, only in Soldado was any significant amount of new oil brought into production. Thus, new reserves did not keep pace with production and the country's known proven reserves have been reduced.

Development drilling has slowed somewhat, but already it is more than apparent that, in this sector, activity in 1969 will improve considerably.

Crude oil production in 1968 exceeded that for the previous year by 2.6 per cent, natural gas production showed an increase of 7.9 per cent and Refinery throughout was 8.9 per cent higher. In the field of fluid injection, the first polymer flood to be undertaken in the country was started by BP in their Apex Fyzabad field. Several new intermittent steam injection, steamflood and gas injection projects were inaugurated during the year.

Trinidad and Tobago continued to attract new investors in petroleum operations and two additional companies were registered in this country in 1968. Panoil Trinidad Ltd. and Belpetco Trinidad Ltd. became joint licensees of acreage in the Gulf of Paria, acquired from Premier Consolidated Oilfields Ltd.

On the political scene, Government has manifested its awareness of the need for greater participation in the workings of the industry by deciding to form a National Petroleum Company.

Further, in order to implement its new oil policy which has been under discussion for more than a year, it is expected that new Petroleum Legislation will be enacted about the middle of 1969.

Pending the finalisation of this legislation, no new Crown leases or licenses were issued during 1968. However, negotiations were in progress among private oil companies for farm-outs and assignments of idle acreage, and the first half of 1969 should see some leases change hands, hopefully, to the economic benefit of the country.

#### **GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL ACTIVITY:**

With the urgent need for the discovery of **new pe**troleum reserves, the Government, with the aid of the United Nations initiated a major geophysical operation during the year when they conducted a seismic survey of 3,000 square miles of marine territory off the North Coast of Trinidad (see Figure I) The actual survey was performed by Geophysical Services Incorporated (G. S. I.) and was of the marine reflection reconnaisance type utilizing the air gun, as a source of shock waves, so as not to damage marine life in the area. One thousand and sixty line-miles were shot and the data was digitally recorded and processed utilizing 12-fold stacking and C. D. P. with deconvolution applied before stacking. The survey lasted for 2 party-months.

Results of the survey received so far have been very promising and have reinforced the likelihood of obtaining commercial oil production from that area. Copies of the final report will be made available to interested parties following which exploratory licenses will be granted on the basis of competitive bidding.

TEXACO TRINIDAD INC. conducted marine seismic surveys in five areas off the coast of Trinidad during late 1968. A total of 683 line-miles were shot in the San Fernando Bay, off Galeota Pt., along the South Coast, in the Gulf of Paria, and off the North East coast of the island (see Figure I). The survey was done by Geophysical Services Incorporated using a similar technique and energy source as above.

Texaco also did eighteen party-months of surface geological work mainly in the Guayaguayare Lizard Springs/Maloney area and the Cedar Grove/Mayaro area.

PAN AMERICAN TRINIDAD OIL COMPANY conducted two (2) detailed marine digital seismic surveys on their lease off the South East of Trinidad. One was conducted in January in which 493 line-miles were surveyed. The other was done in December where 737 line-miles were shot. Deep digital recording techniques and 12-fold stacking were employed by the contractors, G.S.I.

The deepest well in the history of Trinidad and Tobago was drilled by Pan American Trinidad Oil Company off the East Coast. The well, East Mayaro I, which was plugged back and abandoned, was drilled to a total depth of 16,860 feet in April.

MOBIL OIL CORPORATION conducted a single line survey, approximately 100 kilometers in length during December. The survey line extended from the Dragon's Mouth on the North west coast, through the Gulf of Paria, then eastwards along the South coast out to the 100 fathom line (see Figure I).

The survey was conducted by Mobil personnel aboard Mobil's chartered vessel, the FRED H.MOORE, and included magnetic, gravity, and seismic operations.

The types and amount of work involved are summarised in Table II.

#### DRILLING

Company or Area	Surface Geology	Seismograph	Total
PAN-AM Trinidad Oil Company		.75	. 75
TEXACO Trinidad Inc.	18	1.5	19.5
MOBIL OIL Company		0.03	0.03
GOV'T T.&T. & U.N.D.P.		2	2
Totals	18	4.28	22.28

#### TABLE I. PARTY-MONTHS OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL EXPLORATION IN 1968

#### EXPLORATORY DRILLING

Nineteen sixty-eight saw a marked increase in exploratory drilling activity with an average of three (3) rigs being involved in exploration throughout the year. In drilling 26 wells, these rigs accounted for 196, 174 feet or 20.8 per cent of the total footage drilled. Of the 26 wells drilled, 23 were completed; 9 of these were successful thus achieving a success ratio of 43.5 per cent.

The East Coast was the scene of much marine drilling activity when PAN AMERICAN TRINIDAD OIL COMPANY carried out operations from their Blue Water No. 3 barge, drilling five (5) new field wildcats of average depth 14,800 feet. Three of these wells produced large quantities of natural gas and condensate in the latter part of 1968. Drilling activity is continuing to delineate the extent of the reserves of this new field. Figure II shows the location of Exploratory and Semi-Exploratory wells Drilled in 1968.

The search for oil in the Northern Basin was once more resumed when a new operator BELPETCO Trinidad Ltd. drilled their first well, Couva Marine No. 3, on acreage acquired from Premier Consolidated Oilfields Ltd. (P.C.O.L.) in the Gulf of Paria. This well was abandoned at 8,062 feet as a dry hole. Their second well, Couva Marine No. 3X, which was deviated to the target area of DominionOil Company's Couva Marine 1A, was a successful black oil producer.

TRINIDAD NORTHERN AREAS LTD. exploration efforts were confined to the drilling of two semiexploratory wells in their Soldado field. One of these wells S. 284 was drilled on strike with the presently developed S. 238 area; it is now successfully producing from the target Morne L'EnferSands in the East Soldado field. The other well, S. 283, was drilled to the North of the East Soldado field in a position analogous to that of the North Soldado accumulation. Although a well-developed Manzanilla sand section was encountered, there was not enough oil sand to warrant completing this well as a producer.

Texaco's attempts to arrest declining production were reflected by an aggregate of 86,220 feet or some 300 per cent increase in exploratory footage drilled on land in 1968. In their Guayaguayare field where the greatest amount of exploratory drilling activity occurred, 10 exploratory wells were drilled. Seven of these were extension wells, of which, however, only three, GY-546, GY-548 and GY-587 were successful.

Roseau 1, a new field wildcat, was drilled at approximately  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles from the Guayaguayare Maloney field to exploit the Gros Morne Sands which are productive in the already established Guayaguayare fields. This well discovered a gas sand but production declined too rapidly for the well to be considered an economic producer.

The search for the Nariva Sands which are present in the Brighton and Tabaquite fields resulted in the drilling of Pointe-a-Pierre 1, midway between these fields. The well encountered only a thin watered section of the sands sought.

Texaco's AT-84 which was drilled in the Trinity lease and P.C.O.L.'s Congo River I were both designed to test stratigraphically trapped Herrera sands on the south flank of the Siparia Ortoire Basin. No resistive sands were found in either of these wells.

P.C.O.L.'s only other exploratory well - Icacos 11 - which was drilled in the southwestern end of the island was abandoned because all of the objective sands encountered were wet.

Table III summarizes exploratory drilling activity for 1968.

#### DEVELOPMENT DRILLING

In 1968, the level of development drilling activity was much lower than that attained in 1967. For the year under consideration development drilling totalled 746, 512 feet as compared to 834, 531 feet in 1967. The success ratio of 93.4 per cent was better than that of 1967, since only 10 of the 152 development wells completed in 1968 were abandoned.

Table IV presents a Summary of Development Drilling by areas. Partly responsible for the decrease in development drilling footage was the cessation of drilling activities by British Petroleum Trinidad Ltd. which had drilled and completed 28 wells in 1967 but undertook no drilling in 1968.

Texaco drilled 31 less development wells in 1968 than in the previous year. During the first nine months of the year this company concentrated their development drilling efforts in their Guayaguayare field, but emphasis was shifted to the Palo Seco field in the last quarter of the year. As Table IV shows, the Palo Seco and Guayaguayare areas (Areas 4 and 10) were together responsible for about 67 per cent of all development footage drilled. The success ratio attained in these areas was 91.2 per cent.

In area 5, Forest Reserve, 16 development wells were drilled which were all successful.

There was also development drilling activity in Brighton (Area 3), and Barrackpore (Area 8).

All twenty-one development wells drilled by T. N. A. in the Soldado area were successful.

Monthly analyses of all drilling and work-over activity conducted in the country during 1968 are contained in Appendices II and II A.

#### CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION

Crude oil produced in Trinidad and Tobago during 1968, amounted to 66,903,906 barrels. This average production rate of 182,797 barrels per day was 2.6 per cent higher than the average rate which obtained in 1967.

This percentage increase is rather less than the percentage increases of 16.9 and 13.8 recorded in the two previous years but is no cause for alarm. While it was anticipated that the country's production for 1969 will be less than for 1968, there are already definite indications of the decline being arrested and a reversal of the trend attained before the end of the new year.

Since September, 1965, the oil production rate increased steadily until February, 1968 when it attained a maximum of 192,400 b/d. The decline that has since set in has been steady and sharp so that for the month of December, 1968, production averaged 172,174 b/d registering a fall of 20,227 b/d or 10.5 per cent in ten months.

As may be seen from Figure III, this production pattern has been completely dominated by the behaviour of Texaco's Navette oil pools in Guayaguayare. In late 1965, as a result of infill drilling in the first Navette pool, production in the area atarted on the upward trend. Then, with the discovery of further pools in this area in early 1966 and an extremely rapid rate of development, Guayaguayare's production soared from 6 974 b/d in December, 1965 to a peak of 36,329 b/d in February, 1968. By December the same year, ten months later, this field's production averaged 20,192 b/d, having declined in this period by 16,137 b/d or 44.4 per cent.

In contrast to the behaviour of landfields in general and Guayaguayare in particular, Trinidad Northern Area's (TNA's) Soldado Field in the Gulf of Paria continued to demonstrate a steady and healthy growth rate. Here, in December, 1968, production averaged 70,127 b/d compared with 63,066 one year earlier.

Although marine production, at 43.4 per cent of total, still lags behind that from land fields, well productivity in the former areas has been increasing over the past few years from 214.5 barrels per day per well in 1966 to 229.1 in 1967 to 243.6 in 1968. The corresponding figures for land-based wells have been 30.9, 35.7 and 34.7. Land production in 1968 was 5 per cent below that of the previous year while marine production was 15 per cent higher.

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## TABLE III. SUMMARY OF WILDCAT DRILLING IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO - 1968

Operator	Well Name	Index Map Reference	Basis for Location	LAHEE Explor. Class	Compl. Date	Total Depth (Feet)	Name and/or Age of Deepest Formation	Results/ Remarks
P.A.T.O.	S.E.G. 1	в 37	Seis	В 3	Feb. 28	15,535	Cipero (Oligocene)	Temp. Abandoned
	EM 1	G 40	Seis	C 3	April 26	16,860	Cipero (Oligocene)	Dry
	S.E.P. 1	C 42	Seis	C 3	June 9	13,418	,Cipero (Oligocene)	Dry
	S.E.G. 2	D 36	Seis & SSG	В3	Aug. 29	13,309	Cipero (Oligocene)	Temp. Abandoned
	OPR 2	I 33	Seis	В 3	Nov. 1	15,963	Cruse (Miocene)	Temp. Abandoned
Martin Martin Street and	S.E.G. 3	C 36	Seis & SSG	A 2c	-	13,648	Cruse (Miocene)	Completing
P.C.O.L.	IC II	E 5	Seis & SSG	C 2b	April 28	7,500	Cruse (Miocene)	Dry
	CR I (CongoRiver)	F 16	Seis & SSG	C 2c	July 26	6,700	Cipero (Oligocene)	Dry
T.N.A.	S 283	H 8	Seis & SSG	C 2c	Nov. 26	6,523	Brasso (Miocene)	Dry
	S 284	H 8	Seis & SSG	B 1	Dec. 8	4,400	Morne L'Enfer	Oil Producer
BELPETCO	СМ 3	N 13	Seis & SSG	C 1	Dec. 3	8,062	Manzanilla (Miocene)	Dry
т.т.і.	Gy 546	Н 24	Seis & SSG	В1	March 14	4,800	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Oil Producer
	Gy 548	I 24	Seis & SSG	B 2c	April 2	6,274	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Oil Producer
	Gy 549	Н 24	Seis & SSG	C 1	May 7	2,500	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Dry
	Gy 550	Н 24	Seis & SSG	C 1	May 7	4,000	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Dry
	Gy 551	Н 24	Seis & SSG	C 1	May 7	6,300	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Dry
	Gy 561	H 24	Seis & SSG	C 2c	May 7	5,500	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Dry

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TABLE III. SUMMARY OF WILDCAT DRILLING IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO - 1968 - Cont'd

Operator	Well Name	Index Map Reference	Basis for Location	LAHEE Explor. Class	Compl. Date	Total Depth (Feet)	Name and/or Age of Deepest Formation	Results/ Remarks
	Gy 587	I 24	Seis & SSG	В1	Aug. 23	6,700	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Oil Producer
	Gy 591	I 22	Seis & SSG	C 1	Sept. 6	5,813	Cruse (Miocene)	Dry
	Gy 592	I 24	Seis & SSG	C 1	Sept. 8	4,382	Gros Morne (Miocene)	Dry
	Gy 601	I 25	Seis & SSG	A 2c	-	-	-	Drilling at 9,057 ft. on 31-12-68
	AT 84	H 21	Seis & SSG	A 3	-	-	-	Drilling at 5,604 ft. on 31-12-68
<b>T</b> .T.I.	Pointe-a Pierre 1	К 15	Seis & SSG	C 3	Aug. 16	6,271	(Eocene)	Dry
	ROS 1 (Roseau)	J 24	Seis & SSG	В 3	-	7,517	Karamat (Miocene)	Closed in Tested - Gas
	P.S. 321	F 11	Seis & SSG	В 1	Sept. 9	5,002	Morne L'Enfer (Miocene)	Oil Producer
	P.S. 324	F 12	Seis & SSG	В1	Sept. 23	6,500	Cruse (Miocene)	Oil Producer

#### TABLE IV. SUMMARY OF DEVELOPMENT DRILLING IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 1968

*Area No.	Producers Compl.	Dry Holes Compl.	Total Compl.	Ft. Drilled	Rigs Active 31.12.68
1	22	-	22	152,858	2
2	-	-	-	-	-
3	8	-	8	41,735	-
4	43	1	44	249,166	4
5	16	-	16	42,835	-
6	-	~	-	-	-
7	-	-	-	-	-
8	2	1	3	9,869	1
9	-	-	-	-	-
10	51	8	59	250,049	-
11	-	-	-	-	-
12	-	-	-	-	-
13	-	-	-	-	-
14	-	- 1	-		-
TOTAL	142	10	152	746,512	7

\* For definition of areas see Table IVA

#### TABLE IVA. KEY TO AREA - NUMBERS USED ON MAP (Fig. II) ON TABLE IV AND IN TEXT

Area No.	Description					
1	Soldado, North Marine, Couva Marine.					
2	Pt. Ligoure, F.O.S., Area IV, Pt. Fortin West and Central, Guapo, Parrylands, Cruse.					
3	Brighton (Land & Marine), Vessigny, Merrimac, Rousilac.					
4	Palo Seco, Los Bajos, Erin.					
5	Forest Reserve, Fyzabad, Pt. Fortin East, New Dome, San Francique.					
6	Quarry, Coora, Quinam, Morne Diablo.					
7	Oropouche.					
8	Penal, Barrackpore, Wilson, Siparia, Mandingo.					
9	Moruga West, Rock Dome, Inniss, Trinity, Moruga North, Catshill, Balata, Bovallius.					
10	Guayaguayare, Lizard Springs, Moruga East.					
11	Palmiste, Galeota (east coast)					
12	South Marine (south coast)					
13	Tabaquite & Pointe-a-Pierre.					
14	Icacos.					

In general, production decline in Trinidad for the older wells is of the order of 15-20 per cent per year. Achieving an increase in or maintenance of the production level is heavily dependent upon a very successful and sustained drilling activity. In 1968, for example, 7.1 million barrels of oil for 11.1 per cent of total production was derived from new wells, and additional boost to production came from wells recompleted in 1968 which yielded 2.4 million barrels or 3.7 per cent of total. Figure IV illustrates graphically the contributions of new and recompleted wells to the country's production in 1968, while Table V gives a detailed comparison between the 1968 and 1967 production of all the fields in the country.

Appendices III and IIIA present averages of the monthly crude oil production by methods and by operating companies for the year 1968.

Daily Average Crude Oil productions by months for all companies are presented in Appendix IIIB. A breakdown by marine, offshore and land areas is also given in Appendix IIIC.

## SUMMARY OF FLUID INJECTION OPERATIONS IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO DURING 1968

A record production of 6,768,805 barrels of crude oil was derived from all the wells under the influence of fluid injection in the territory during 1968. The corresponding total for the previous year was 6,623,961 barrels.

In Table VI, the injection and production statistics for each type of fluid injection, natural gas, water and steam are summarized for the period 1964-1968. These statistics assumed for the second year running that the wells originally considered under the influence of gas injection in the Main Soldado Field are still under this influence during the year under review.

In the field of Water Injection, the BP Group broke new ground in Trinidad during November by initiating a polymer or "pusher" - flood employing the popular Dow's process. At the end of the year, the flood

## TABLE V. OIL PRODUCTION (IN BARRELS) - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

FIELD	Area	Dis- covery	Total Wells	Age of Producing	Annual Pr	oduction	Cumulative production thru' December, 1968
	No.		Drilled	Formation	1967	1968	( x 1000)
Shell Trinidad Limited:						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Balata East and West	9	1952	48	Miocene	72,356	48,922	1,829
Catshill	9	1950	112	Miocene	743,657	625,289	17,725
Inniss	9	1956	33	Miocene	173,049	136,487	5,038
Rock Dome	9	1962	3	Miocene	-	-	16
Penal	8	1936	257	Miocene	1,493,379	1,288,116	50,220
New Dome	5	1928	31	Miocene	23,344	18,636	2,975
Point Fortin East	5	1929	109	Miocene	574,876	533,519	
San Francique	5	1929	27	Miocene	25,198	22,459	
Los Bajos	4	1918	29	Miocene	2,100		546
Erin	4	1963	4	Miocene	104,832		704
Area IV and Guapo	2	1963	156	Miocene	272,930		
Parrylands 2,3	2	1918	199	Miocene	208,976		
Parrylands 1, 4, 5	2	1913	142	Miocene	239,692		
Point Fortin Central	2	1916	94	Miocene	109,892		
Point Fortin West	2	1907	204	Miocene	211,874		
COMPANY TOTAL:			1,448		4,256,155	3,648,325	194,954
Trinidad Northern Areas:							
F.O.S F.T.	2	1954	16	Miocene	75,357	73,781	1,359
Soldado	1	1955	290	Miocene		24,146,852	
COMPANY TOTAL:			306		20,421,032	24,220,633	147,073
Texaco Trinidad Inc.							
Guayaguayare	10	1902	620	Miocene	8,970,599	10,920,228	54,976
Trinity	9	1956	92	Miocene	952,716	600,485	
Barrackpore	8	1911	265	Miocene	990,950	794,235	
Oropouche	8	1944	40	Miocene	75,201	101,678	
Morne Diablo/Quinam]	6	1926		Miocene	102,948		
Forest Reserve	5	1913	1,704	Miocene	6,804,687	6,262,138	
Palo Seco	4	1929		Miocene	6,924,388	6,273,341	60,719
Brighton	3	1908	577	Miocene	4,698,743	4,626,374	56,103
COMPANY TOTAL:			3,305		29,520,232	29,658,752	421,622
Premier Consolidated Oilfields Limited:							
Bovallius	9	1954	6	Miocene	-	-	189
Rock Dome	9	1955	11	Miocene	6,340		<b>,</b>
Siparia	8	1957	5	Miocene	50,926		675
Fyzabad	5	1918	252	Miocene	71,383	79,935	12,298
San Francique	5	1929	71	Miocene	92,292		
Palo Seco	4	1915	83	Miocene	12,815		
Couva Marine	1	1963	3	Miocene	61,271	14,336	
Icacos	14	1965	12	Miocene	120,792	99,110	222
COMPANY TOTAL:			443		415,819	323,625	17,698

TABLE V. OIL PRODUCTION (IN BARRELS) - TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

	Area	Dis-	Total	Age of	Annual P	roduction	Cumulative production
FIELD	No.	covery Year		Producting Formation	1967	1968	thru' December,1968 ( x 1000)
B.P. Group							
1. A.T.O. Ltd.							
Fyzabad	5	1920	805	Miocene		2,215,234	
Quarry	6	1938		Miocene	203,689	172,085	14,345
COMPANY TOTAL:			805		2,663,407	2,387,319	140,548
2. K.T.O. Ltd.							
Guapo	2	1922	421	Miocene	810,752	789,153	31,474
3. T.P.D. Co. Ltd.							
Moruga East	10	1953	59	Miocene	67,363		. 1,685
Moruga North	9	1956	18	Miocene	42,206		771
Moruga West	9	1957	129	Miocene	275,837		7,637
Coora/Quarry	6	1936	591	Miocene	2,068,930	1,696,764	70,031
Palo Seco/Erin		1090	000		0 001 001	0 0 00 505	50.000
(Mc.Kenzie) North Marine	4	$\begin{array}{c}1926\\1959\end{array}$	863 15	Miocene Miocene	3,601,961 151,191	2,962,595 290,047	58,926
NOI UN MAI INC		1999	10	Milocene	151,191	290,047	705
COMPANY TOTAL:			1,675		6,207,488	5,269,377	139,755
T.C.O. Ltd.							
Balata Central	9	1949	6	Miocene	10,124	9,883	356
Wilson	8	1936	72	Miocene	505,041	405,241	17,492
Cruse	2	1913	150	Miocene	177,931	186,774	,
Tabaquite	13	1911	218	Miocene	6,601	4,824	1,329
COMPANY TOTAL:			446		699,697	606,722	43,824
GRAND TOTAL:					64,994,582	66,903,906	1,136,948

registered satisfactory operation with increased oil output rates. The addition of patented polymers to the injection water is carefully designed to increase the viscosity of the injected sea-water and thereby improve the Mobility - Ratio for the project resulting in correspondingly increased displacement efficiency. Unfavourable mobility ratios utilized in past local water - flooding experiments have proven disastrous in virtually all projects to date. After several years of sea-water injection into Trinidad's oldest water flooding projects which were commissioned by the former leasees Trinidad Leaseholds (T.L.L.) in 1956, Texaco abandoned all three projects in the Guayaguayare Gros Morne Sds. when the water-cuts in these projects had exceeded 80 per cent.

Table VII presents summaries by company, of water, steam and gas injection statistics, for the year 1968. Brief notes on steam and gas injection activities follow.

Table VIII summarises water-injection statistics by projects for 1968.

### STEAM INJECTION

Texaco's steam injection activity continued in their Forest Reserve Field at practically the same level as that of the previous year. Production of crude oil from all its steam - injection projects totalled 658, 419 barrels. The volume of steam injected during the year amounted to 994,048 barrels which compared reasonably well with the statistics for 1967 of 652,819 barrels of oil recovered for an injection of 1,124,005 barrels of steam. The percentage of water produced in these operations declined from 45.9 in 1967 to 36.8 in 1968 reflecting improved efficiency in their operational technique.

Reasonably early and rather encouraging response in continuous steam injection or steam drive experiments have justified its expansion in pilot projects and the conversion of the push-pull type steam injection technique in at least two of Texaco's projects in their Forest Reserve Field. By the year end, about one-third of the oil production from steam injection operations was derived from steam flooding operations.

Table IX presents a summary of the island's steam injection activity by company and projects for 1968.

During 1968, the BP Group injected a total of 78,390 barrels of water as 65 per cent quality steam into 2 projects consisting of 4 wells in its N.W. Palo Seco Field and 11 wells in its K.T.O. Guapo Field. Total oil produced from the wells in these "Huff and Puff" or Intermittent Steam injection operations amounted to 295,507 barrels with an average water-cut of 18 per cent which is extremely low. The oil recovery from steam injection operations for the previous year was 235,476 barrels for an injection of 88,673 barrels of water; the water-cut then averaged 13 per cent.

#### GAS INJECTION

Despite a decrease in Texaco's annual gas injection rate from 14,456 in 1967 to 13,075 million s.c.f. in 1968, the annual oil offtake rate from these projects increased from 2,333,468 to 2,681,507 barrels. This improved index of efficiency was also evidenced in the reduction of G.O.R.'s from 5,587 to 5,345 scf/bbl. over the same period.

In Forest Reserve alone, there were 9 projects in operation. There was one project, each, in the Brighton and Guayaguayare fields. In the Forest Reserve area during 1968, Texaco produced almost two million barrels of oil from its gas injection projects. The Upper Cruse Repressuring Area (U.C.R.A.) continued to operate satisfactorily with a slight decline in both oil production and G.O.R. The total oil produced from this project for the year was over 459,000 barrels. The Upper Cruse Western Extension (U.C.W.E.) project which performed extremely well in previous years exhibited rapidly increasing G.O.R.'s with declining oil production. The annual oil offtake for this project was over 526,000 barrels.

The BP Group injected a total of 4,415 million s.c.f. during 1968 compared with its total of 5,134 million s.c.f. in the previous year. Annual crude oil production rates from the reservoirs under the influence of gas injection were 870,703 and 762,251 respectively for 1968 and 1967. Reduction in quantities of gas injected was due to:-

Diversion of gas from injection projects to gas-sales and gas-lifting operations, and unfavourable economics obtaining in some projects.

In BP's T.P.D. projects, an average of 6.74 M.s.c.f. were injected per barrel of oil recovered; whereas in its Apex projects a comparatively lower figure of 4.58 M.s.c.f./bbl. was obtained thereby reflecting much better displacement efficiency.

Lack of gas availability in Moruga West curtailed injection activity in the MW/H1/108 reservoir resulting in a considerable reduction in rates of oil recovered and an increasing G.O.R. trend.

In the T.N.A. Soldado Field gas was injected into Upper Cruze Zones 3 and 4 in the Crestal area of the Main Field utilising the discovery well Soldado  $1^{b}$  as an injection well in place of wells 61 and 76 which were formerly injection wells. Gas was also injected into a unit in the South Eastern part of the Main Field through wells 103 and 105. Oil recovered during 1968 from wells originally under the gas injection influence in the Crestal area amounted to 1,958,483.

A gas injection Summary by Company and Area is presented in Table X. Figure V is a graphical presentation of fluid injection statistics for the period 1957 to date.

#### NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION AND UTILIZATION

With the island's overall gas oil ratio increasing from 2,159 scf/bbl in 1967 to 2,264 in 1968, the volume of natural gas produced was 7.9 per centhigher at 151,445 million cubic feet. This represents an average daily increase of 30 million cubic feet over the 1967 rate of which the Soldado field, still under active development, provided 85 per cent. Of the total 414 million cubic feet produced daily, 69 million came from high pressure wells in the deep gas-condensate fields in the Penal - Wilson - Barrackpore area.

	F	PROJEC	CTS		INJEC TIC	ON STATISTI	CS	CI	ON	Oil Ex-		
YEAR	YEAR In operation at end of the year		the year Gas as a % of Water Steam			Total Oil recovered from wells under project influence in bbls.				total oil		
	Gas	Water	Steam	(MMCF)	Total Gas Production	(DDIS)	(bbls) (bbls)	Gas Injection Projects	Water Injection Projects	Steam Injection Projects	All Projects	production
1964	23	13	-	14,688	13.3	3,296,898	-	4,700,545	505,837	-	5,206,382	10.5
1965	28	17	15	13,787	12.4	3,687,473	1,084,489	4,426,542	927,175	407,866	5,761,583	11.8
1966	30	12	14	19,841	16.7	3,625,743	1,353,550	4,729,544	1,099,788	822,889	6,652,221	12.0
1967	27	4	10	22,633	16.1	2,906,151	1,321,088	5,188,386	466,180	969,395	6,623,961	10.2
1968	31	5	11	21,323	14.1	2,926,657	1,090,699	5,402,241	396,823	969,741	6,768,805	10.1

## TABLE VI. SUMMARY OF FLUID INJECTION OPERATIONS IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO FOR PERIOD 1964 - 1968

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		A: GAS	INJECTION:			
Name of Company	No. of Active Projects	Gas Injected (MSCF)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced (Bbls)	Gas Produced (MSCF)	SCF/bbl. G.O.R.
TEXACO	11	13,075,715	2,681,507	885,763	14,333,710	5,345
S.T.L.	-	-	-	-	-	-
BP	19	4,415,222	762,251	153,788	4,642,869	6,091
т.с.о.	-	_	-	-	-	-
TRINMAR	1	3,832,313	1,958,483	1,825	3,941,099	2,012
TOTALS	31	21,323,250	5,402,241	1,041,376	22,917,678	4,242

TABLE VII. SUMMARY OF FLUID INJECTION OPERATIONS FOR TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO 1968

#### B: WATER INJECTION:

Name of Company	No. of Active Projects	Water Injected (Bbls)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced <b>(</b> Bbls)	Gas Produced (MSCF)	% Water	
TEXACO	1	1,847,973	123,003	445,225	-	78.4	
BP	3	905,375	228,085	193,399	369,842	45.9	
S.T.L.	1	173,309	45,735	2,105	52,878	4.4	
TOTALS	5	2,926,657	396,823	640,729	422,720	61.8	

#### C: STEAM INJECTION:

Name of Company	No. of Active Projects	Steam Injected (Bbls)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced (Bbls)	Gas Produced (MSCF)	% Water
TEXACO	8	994,048	658,419	383,770	540	36.8
S.T.L.	- ·	-	- -	_	-	-
BP	2	78,390	295,507	43,761	_	12.9
P.C.O.L.	1	18,261	15,815	24,706	-	61.0
TOTALS	11	1,090,699	969,741	452,237	540	31.8

The bulk of this high pressure gas was used as fuel chiefly by the Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission's power stations at Penal and Port of Spain as well as in the Refinery at Pointe-a-Pierre, in Federation Chemical's fertilizer-plant at Point Lisas, and in some smaller industrial plants in the North of the island which are rapidly converting their fuel oil furnaces to use natural gas.

Gas was vented or flared at an average rate of 172 million cubic feet/day. This represented 41.5 per cent of the gas produced and was 15.8 per cent higher than in 1967. However, 55.2 per cent of this venting occurred in the remote fields of Guayaguayare and Soldado and almost half of this amount was vented only after the pneumatic energy had been utilised in gas-lifting oil, in pumps for transporting oil to shore and as fuel. Towards the end of the year, compressors were installed in Texaco's Guayaguayare field and both gas injection and gas delivery into Pointe-a-Pierre were commenced. This additional utilisation resulted, in December, in a reduction of the volume of gas vented, to 149 mmcf/day. Further reductions are programmed for the new year. Although gas re-injected into the ground showed an increase towards the end of 1968 the overall quantity was, at 21,324 mmcf/day, some 2 per cent less than that for 1967.

The trend of gas production and utilisation over the lastfive years is given in Table XI and illustrated in Figure VI.

Additional graphical representations of the statistics for the petroleum industry are presented in figures VII - XIII covering: drilling, crude oil production, refinery throughput, natural gas production, crude oil imports, average crude oil value (for royalty evaluation) and annual crude oil production from 1908 to date.

Appendix IV summarises the production and utilisation of natural gas by months in Trinidad and Tobago for the year 1968.

Company	Field	Project	Water Injected (Bbls)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced (Bbls)	Gas Produced (Mscf)	% Water
TEXACO	F/Reserve	FR Zone 9.3	1,847,973	123,003	445,225	-	78.4
вР	Fyzabad	FM/UF/610/I	57,235	18,219	1,079	15,716	5.6
		FS/LC/539/I	445,383	209,866	192,320	354,126	47.8
		FM/UF/200/I	402,757	-	-	-	-
BP	All Fields		905,375	228,085	193,399	369,842	45.9
STL	Catshill	Co. 30 SDS.	173,309	45,735	2,105	52,878	4.4
ALL COS.	All Fields		2,926,657	396,823	640,729	422,720	61.8

TABLE VIII. WATER INJECTION SUMMARY BY PROJECTS YEAR 1968

Company	Field	Project	Steam Injected (Bbls)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced (Bbls)	Gas Produced (Mscf)	% Water
TEXACO	F/Reserve	I	-	70,861	57,595	-	44.8
		ПА	77,626	222,843	82,228		27.0
		ΠВ	11,950	6, <b>097</b>	223	-	3.5
		m.	555,177	250,714	181,935	-	42.1
		IV	157,650	70,072	48,697	-	41.0
		v	463	19,565	6,074	9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	23.7
		VI	191,182	3,541	15		0.4
	Brighton	Vessigny	-	14,726	7,003	540	32.2
TEXACO	All Fields		994,048	658,419	383,770	540	36.8
BP	Palo Seco	LML'E/UF	14,808	203,569	21,387	-	9.5
	Guapo	UC	63,582	91,938	22,374	-	19.6
ВР	All Fields		78,390	295,507	43,761	-	12.9
P.C.O.L.	Fyzabad	Zenith	18,261	15,815	24,706	-	61.0
ALL COS.	All Fields		1,090,699	969,741	452,237	540	31.8

TABLE IX. STEAM INJECTION SUMMARY BY PROJECTS YEAR 1968

#### TABLE X. GAS INJECTION SUMMARY BY AREAS YEAR 1968

.

Company	Field	Gas Injected (Mscf)	Oil Produced (Bbls)	Water Produced (Bbls)	Gas Produced (Mscf)	Gas Oil Ratio scf/bbl.
TEXACO	F/Reserve	10,470,900	1,980,088	818,843	12,665,076	6,396
	Brighton	1,764,477	118,226	37,742	238,760	2,020
	Guayaguayare	840,338	583,193	29,178	1,429,874	2,452
TEXACO	All Fields	13,075,715	2,681,507	885,763	14,333,710	5,345
BP GROUP	Coora	598,484	162,500	95,664	847,543	5,216
	Quarry	1,847,457	200,253	11,457	<b>1,27</b> 2,035	6,352
	Moruga W.	210,706	<b>30,86</b> 5	19,133	228,319	7,397
	Palo Seco	230,025	34,781	145	111,314	3,200
	Fyzabad	1,528,550	333,852	27,389	2,183,658	6,541
BP GROUP	All Fields	4,415,222	762,251	153,788	4,642,869	6,091
T.N.A.	Soldado	3,832,313	1,958,483*	1,825	3,941,099	2,012
ALL COS.	All Fields	21,323,250	5,402,241	1,041,376	22,917,678	4,242

\* This figure assumes that the wells originally considered to be influenced by gas injection are still under influence.

	1964		1965	5	1966		1967		1968	
	Millions of SCF*	%*	Millions of SCF*	%*	Millions of SCF*	%*	Millions of SCF*	%*	Millions of SCF*	% <b>*</b>
PRODUCTION	110,732	100.0	111,503	100.0	118,927	100.0	140,338	109.0	151,445	100
G.O.R. (scf/bbl)	2,227		2,282		2,138		2,159		2,264	
A. USED AS FUEL:					,					
In Refineries	20,499	18.5	22,714	20.4	25,257	21.2	28,304	20.2	29,257	19.3
In Fields	5,979	5.4	6,677	6.0	8,208	6.9	7,783	5.6	7,848	5.2
In Other Industries	11,414	10.3	12,126	10.9	15,227	12.8	17,759	12.7	19,294	12.8
SUB TOTAL	37,892	34.2	41,517	37.3	48,692	40.9	53,846	38.5	56 <b>,399</b>	37.3
B. OTHER COMPLETE UTILIZATION:										
Used as Process Gas	4,222	3.8	4,502	4.0	6,714	5.7	9,309	6.6	10,603	7.0
Injected into formation	14,688	13.3	13,866	12.4	19,841	16.7	22,625	16.1	21,323	14.1
Converted into C.H.P.S.	210	0.2	206	0.2	219	0.2	204	0.1	173	0.1
SUB TOTAL	19,120	17.3	18,574	16.6	26,774	22.6	32,138	22.8	32,099	21.2
C. VENTED:										
After use of pneumatic energy	22,781	20.6	24,078	21.6	23,224	19.5	30,877	22.0	31,257	20.6
Without use	30,939	27.9	27,334	24.5	20,237	17.0	23,478	16.7	31,690	20.9
SUB TOTAL	53,720	48.5	51,412	46.1	43,461	36.5	54,355	38.7	62,947	41.5
		700 <b>0</b> - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		1						

TABLE X1. NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION AND UTILIZATION - 1964-1968

Note: S.C.F.\* = Standard Cubic Feet. %\* = per cent of total natural gas production

#### REFINING AND PETROCHEMICAL MANUFACTURE

The highest growth rate in the local petroleum industry was recorded by the Refining Sector. Modifications to existing topping plants at the two major refineries in Trinidad raised the rated capacity to 430,000 barrels per day. This represented a 6.2 per cent increase over the capacity during 1967 which stood at 405,000 barrels.

A comparison of actual throughputs for the two years reveals that during 1968 there was an increase of 8.9 per cent over the previous year; but, in 1967, there was a short fall in crude runs to the stills due to scheduled shutdowns and decreased imports during the Middle East Crisis. This accounts for the rather large increase. A better criterion therefore would be to compare the years 1968 and 1966 when throughputs were 151,282,098 and 144,193,269 barrels respectively, an increase of 4.9 per cent.

Declining rates of indigenous crude oil production which began in March of 1968 and carried on throughout the year coupled with the increased refinery capacity brought about a re-emphasis of crude oil imports. Whereas in 1967 these imports were decreasing as indigenous crude production increased, during 1968 imports were on the upward trend again to such an extent that, in December, imports totalled 8,790,035 barrels, an amount unsurpassed since April 1966. The December figure also includes the first shipment of foreign crude to Shell's Point Fortin Refinery; Shell is the second company in Trinidad importing crude oil. Shell is expected to continue these imports in the future.

### MOVEMENT OF CRUDE OIL AND PRODUCTS

The overall pictures of crude oil movement and product disposal is summarised as follows:-

Availability	Million H	Barrels	Disposal	Million Barrels
Stock on 1st January		3,260,931	Exports	6,982,784
Production	67,067,583		Local Consumption	17,125
Less Loss	1,048,485	66,019,098	Delivered to Refinery	151,282,098
Imports		91,446,715	Stock on 31st December	2,444,737
		160,726,744		160,726,744

#### CRUDE OIL BALANCE

Total imports of crude oil for the year were 91,446,715 barrels or 60.4 per cent of the total refinery throughput. The import of crude oil from Venezuela, the largest supplier was 75.6 million barrels or 82.7 per cent of total imports followed by Libya with 6.5 million barrels or 7.1 per cent of total imports. A national balance by months for Crude Oil and C.H.P.S. for the year 1968 is presented in Appendix VII.

Primary refined products made the biggest gains during the year with Fuel Oil increasing by almost 10 million barrels to a record production of 85,337,455 barrels, which amounted to 58.06 per cent of total production. Comparable statistics for the more normal year of 1966 were 80,351,883 barrels representing a gain of only 6.2 per cent. Aviation Turbine Fuels had a production of 16,302,409 barrels. Comparable figures for 1967 and 1966 were 11,886,315 and 13,378,412 barrels respectively.

The other classes of products varied slightly from 1967 but petro-chemical intermediates showed a drop of some 28,000 barrels in production, contrary to previous trends. Total production of these intermediates was 1,514,575 barrels.

As in the past, the greater part of the Refinery production was exported to world markets. The value of exports of crude oil and petroleum products for 1968 was \$333.7 million or 31.4 per cent of total exports of which \$10.5 million were attributed to crude oil alone. A detailed breakdown of destination of crude oil and refined products is given at Appendix V. Total exports of refined products, 145,573,340 barrels represents 99.04 per cent of total production. Local consumption was 1.96 per cent or 2,883,596 barrels. The excess of 1.00 per cent over total production is explained by a net decrease in stocks.

A balance of Refined Products is summarized hereunder. For details see Appendix VI:

Availability	Million	Barrels	Disposal	Million Barrels	
Stock on 1st January	·	6.3	Shipments	135.1	
Imports		1.9	Bunkers	10.5	
Crude Delivered	151.3		Local Consumption	2.9	
Refinery Gas & Loss	4.3				
	147.0				
Products obtained		147.0	Stock on 31st December	6.7	
		155.2		155.2	

REFINED PRODUCTS BALANCE

The volume of sales of excisable products amounted to 1,713,546 barrels. The excisable sales of gasolene amounted to 1,266,677 barrels an increase of 1.5 per cent compared to 1967. The excise duty on these sales was \$9,097,636.23. The excise tax on gasolene was increased from 12q and 18q for regular and premium gasolene respectively to 18q and 27q effective on 5th January, 1968.

Sales of bottled propane showed an increase of 11.7 per cent over the 1967 figure amounting to 22,271,772 lbs. on which excise duty at 2q per lb. yielded \$445,435.44.

Details of petroleum excisable products are listed hereunder:

Premium Gas. (bbls.)	Regular Gas. (bbls.)	Gas/Diesel (bbls.)	Propane lbs.
······································			
357,047	909,630	<b>446</b> ,869	22,271,772

#### NITROGENOUS FERTILIZERS

Scheduled Inspections of the plants at Federation Chemicals Ltd. entailed some shutdowns during the third quarter of the year. As a result, production of Ammonia, 501,000 short tons, averaged 1,368 short tons per day whereas capacity is rated at 1,530 short tons. The production in 1967 was 426,133 short tons.

The shutdowns also affected production of Ammonium Sulphate and Urea which had productions of 78,878 and 64,527 short tons respectively. These figures represented decreases of 4.7 per cent and 14.2 per cent over the previous year's production.

Natural gas utilized in the production of nitrogenous fertilizers showed an increase of 13.9 per cent, aggregating 10,603 million s.c.f. for the year. Total natural gas used in the plants was 19,039 million s.c.f.

#### ROYALTY ASSESSMENT

Appendix VIII presents a summary of crude oil assessed for Crown Royalty with prices and analyses for the year under review for the half yearly periods ending 30th June and 31st December.

Appendix IX presents a summary of the royalty assessed on crude oil, natural gasolene and natural gas produced on Crown Oil Mining leases for each of the half yearly periods during 1966, 1967 and 1968.

Appendix X summarises the quantities of Natural Asphalt extracted from the Pitch Lake and the quantities of derived products which were exported and consumed locally during 1966, 1967 and 1968.

## ACCIDENTS STATISTICS

The total number of accidents reported to this Ministry in 1968 was 250 which compares adversely with 239 in 1967. In the production operations there was only one (1) fatal accident as against the relatively high total of 7 during the previous year. Of the total number of accidents three (3) did not involve injuries to personnel.

The decline in fatal accidents could be partly attributed to the vigilance exercised both by the Ministry and the Oil Companies. The introduction of a new system for inspecting and reporting on field activities was found to be beneficial both to the Ministry and the Oil Companies.

The accident frequency and severity rates for the Trinidad Oil Industry compares most favourably with those for other oil producing countries.

A summary of accidents by Companies is set out hereunder as follows:

0		metel	Fatal	Se	erious	3		Mino	r
Company	Field	Total	Fatai	D	Р	0	D	Р	0
BP (Trinidad) Ltd. Group.	A11	55	1(P)	-	16	3	-	26	9
Belpetco Trinidad Ltd.	A11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pan American Trinidad Oilfields Ltd.	A11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premier Consolidated Oilfields Ltd. Ltd.	A11	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
Shell Trinidad Ltd.	A11	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
Trinidad Canadian Oils Ltd.	<b>A</b> 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trinidad Northern Areas Ltd.	A11	11	-	-	1	1	1	2	6
Texaco Trinidad Inc.	Barrackpore Brighton Forest Reserve- Palo Seco	11 14 108	-	2 6 8	3 - 24	2 2 6	1 3 19	3 - 35	- - 14
	Guayaguayare Total	46 179	-	9 25	3 30	4 14	16 39	5 43	9 25
Industry Totals	-	250	1	26	50	18	41	71	40

#### ACCIDENT STATISTICS FOR 1968

D - Drilling;

P - Production;

O - Others.

P.A.T.O. acquired 512,100 acres by Reg. Deed No.2394/68 on the East Coast of Trinidad in the high seas. The total acreage of Crown oilrights under lease decreased from 2,627,991 at the end of 1967 to 2,525,563 acres at the end of 1968.

During the year, T.P.D. surrendered 4,041 acres of land leases, A.T.O. 1,888 acres of land leases. P.C.O.L. assigned 103,035 marine acres to Belpetco and Panoil.

The following is an outline of the leasing situation in the Territory as at 31st December, 1968.

**Crown Oilrights** 

	Α	R	Р
Crown Leases - Crown surface - " " - Private surface - Exploration Licences Marine Licences	223,294 50,090 2,158,074	-1 -	20
TOTAL CROWN OILRIGHTS	2,431,458		
Private Oilrights Private Leases -	94,104	1	$09\frac{1}{2}$
TOTAL ACREAGE OF ALL LANDS UNDER LEASE	2,525,563	1	$05\frac{1}{2}$

A detailed survey of Crown and Private Leases and Licences, is set out on a Company basis in Table XII.

#### POLITICAL ACTIVITY PROPOSED OIL LEGISLATION

Negotiations between representatives of Government and Oil Companies operating in Trinidad and Tobago continued during 1968 and a draft petroleum law will be published in the first half of 1969 for public comment. The law will include the terms and conditions for future petroleum exploration and production licences.

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY

The Government of Trinidad and Tobago has announced the formation of a National Petroleum Company which will engage in all activities related to the oil industry, and will aim to co-operate with other oil companies in exploiting oil for the benefit of the nation.

The Government has also agreed to the formation of a Joint Corporation with the Tesoro Petroleum Corporation of Texas on a 50-50 partnership basis. The Government will appoint the Chairman and an equal number of members of the Board of Directors.

The Corporation will operate the assets of BP after their acquisition by Government; will enter into production and exploration operations, and invest in petroleum and petrochemical ventures in Trinidad and Tobago.

				(	Cro	wn	Oilrights										*****	
				Land I	Jea	ses							Pri Oil R			Total Act Under Le		
Company	Crow Surfac			Priva Surfa			Total	L		Marine Li	cen	ces		Ign	1.5		eas	e
	<b>A</b> .	R.	<b>P</b> .	Α.	R.	P.	Α.	R.	P.	Α.	R.	Ρ.	A.	R.	Ρ.	Α.	R.	. <b>Р.</b>
BP GROUP Trinidad Petroleum Develop- ment (T.P.D.)	13,004	2	31	5,657	2	29	18,662	1	20	225,000	0	00	3,238	2	06	246,900	3	26
Kern Trimidad Oilfields Ltd. (K.T.O.)	347	2	23	602	0	28	949	3	11	975	0	00	1,004	3	21	2,929	2	32
Apex (Trinidad) Oilfields Ltd. (A.T.O.L.)	2,308	0	27	2,272	3	21	4,581	0	08	-	-	-	282	1	10	4,863	1	18
BP GROUP'S TOTAL	15,660	2	01	8,532	2	38	24,193	0	39	225,975	0	00	4,525	2	37	254,693	3	36
DOMINION OIL LIMITED (D.O.L.)	-	-	-	10	3	08	10	3	08	120,755	0	00	-	-	-	120,765	3	08
PREMIER CONSOLIDATED OIL- FIELDS LIMITED (P.C.O.L.)	11,797	1	21	2,790	3	26	14,588	1	07	_	-	-	11,836	3	06	26,425	0	13
ESTATE OF TIMOTHY ROODAL	-	-	-	9	2	12	9	2	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	2	12
BELPETCO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,035	0	00	-	-	-	103,035	0	00
TRINIDAD NORTHERN AREAS LIMITED (T.N.A.)	32	3	33	-	-	-	32	3	33	236,209	0	00	-	-	-	236,241	3	33
TRINIDAD CANADIAN OIL- FIELDS LIMITED (T.C.O.)	6,996	2	31	-	-	-	6,996	2	31	-	-	-	35	2	00	7,032	0	31
TEXACO TRINIDAD INC.(T. T. I.)	125,215	2	00	33,506	2	32	158,722	0	32	15,344	0	00	73,219	0	12	247,285	1	04
SHELL TRINIDAD LTD. (S.T.L.)	63,591	2	10	5,239	2	24	68,831	0	34	-	-	-	4,487	0	29	73,318	1	23
PAN AMERICAN TRINIDAD OIL COMPANY (PAN-AM)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,456,756	0	00	-	_	-	1,456,756	0	00
TOTAL	223,294	2	16	50,090	1	20	273,384	3	36	2,158,074	0	00	94,104	1	04	2,525,563	1	00

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### TABLE XII. OIL RIGHTS UNDER LEASE AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1968

Explanation - A.R.P. ..... Acres, Roods & Perches.

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#### MEMBERSHIP IN CARIFTA

Trinidad and Tobago became a member of the Caribbean Free Trade Association (CARIFTA) on 1st May, 1968, which will be of benefit to the local petroleum industry, since the agreement provides for the progressive elimination of fiscal charges on Petroleum Products in the other member states which do not produce similar petroleum products. For the first five (5) years, however, the petroleum products exported from Trinidad to the smaller Eastern Caribbean Common Market states will carry a protective duty in those States during which time the duty will be gradually and progressively reduced to zero by 1st May, 1973.

#### FISCAL CHANGES

The Finance Act of 1966 was amended to increase the rate of Corporation Tax from 44 per cent in 1967 to 45 per cent with effect from 1st January, 1968 - affecting oil and other companies equally. From this date also, withholding taxes on remittance of dividends and other distributions abroad from subsidiaries and non residents were reduced.

#### UN INTER – REGIONAL SEMINAR

The United Nations conducted an Inter-Regional Seminar on Petroleum Administration in Port of Spain during April which was attended by delegates representing some 27 nations. The seminar was hosted by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago.

#### STAFF

Present Staffing in the Ministry of Petroleum and Mines is illustrated in Appendix XI.

However, the Ministry continued to be plagued with Staff shortages and changes at all levels and the resulting personnel problems. However, Cabinet approved with effect from 1st January, 1968 certain essential additional staff which formed part of this Ministry's interim re-organization proposals.

2. The additional staff (approved by Cabinet) included the following:-

Economist III, Geologist I, Mining Inspector, Three Petroleum Engineers, Three Petroleum Engineering Assistants, Geologist Assistant, Two Draughtsman I, Administrative Officer II, Three Clerical Officers, Clerk/Stenographer I/II, Messenger.

However, most of the above mentioned technical positions were not filled due to the unavailability of personnel.

3. Throughout the year, there was a spate of departures at all staff levels from the Ministry due to:-

Staff going on leave, Resignations; Transfers: Retirement.

4. Apart from the numerous and frequent changes in all grades of Clerical and Typing staff, the following technical posts were affected by these movements:-

Economist III (Transferred), Legal Assistant (Resigned), Petroleum Engineer I (Resigned), 3 Petroleum Engineering Assistants (Resigned), Geologist Assistant (Resigned), Accountant III/IV. (Resigned)

5. The Ministry also undertook a study of the Report submitted by the Management Consultants Peat, Marwick and Mitchell in respect of the Organization Survey of the Ministry. The objectives of the Ministry have been redefined and the immediate skilled manpower needs assessed. A critical problem which has to be resolved in implementing the re-organization and which will enable the Ministry to play a more dynamic role in the development of the oil industry will be the recruitment and retention of staff of high quality. A new framework is to be established which will give the Ministry flexibility of action and the capacity to take decisions quickly as circumstances warrant.

The first priority will be to satisfy the manpower or staffing requirements of the Ministry which has been in an acutely unsatisfactory condition before and since 1963. Undue reliance has had to be placed on the services of overseas experts but this need must be reduced by the accelerated development of nationals. It is anticipated that if the positions recommended in the organization are filled, there will be no substantial change in the establishment over the next five-year period, unless there is a considerable expansion of operating activities by new or existing oil companies and mining operators.

#### CONFERENCES, TRAINING AND OTHER ACTIVITIES

Some important visits, in which Ministry staff and overseas experts were involved during the year 1968.

#### VISITS AND FIELD TRIPS

- 1. The Permanent Secretary Mr. R.A. Thomas visited British Honduras to advise that Government on the future development of its petroleum industry.
- 2. Geological field trips were made by officials of the Ministry, including the Minister of Petroleum and Mines, to neighbouring Venezuela to study the characteristics of the huge gypsum deposit and the stratigraphic relationship of gypsum to underlying and overlying deposits with a view to tracing the deposit in Trinidad.
- 3. A Volumetric and analytical survey of the Porcellanite deposits in South Trinidad was undertaken jointly by the United Kingdom Technical Assistance and the geological staff of the Ministry, Messrs. Harms, and Hinds. Dr. R. Bristow of the Institute of Geological studies led the team.

#### SEMINARS AND SCHOLARSHIPS

- 4. The Chief Petroleum Engineer Mr. O. O. Fernandes attended a symposium in Curacao on Investigations and Resources of the Caribbean Sea for adjacent Regions organised by UNESCO & FAO specialised agencies of the United Nations.
- 5. A U.N. fellowship was granted to Mr. John Scott, Geologist, to pursue studies in Marine Geophysics in Houston, Texas, including the data obtained from the Seismic Survey off the North Coast of Trinidad.
- 6. The offer was made by the Ministry of Mines and Hydrocarbons, Venezuela, and accepted by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago of two scholarships in Petroleum Engineering at the Zulia State University in Venezuela. Messrs. Ransome and Elliot, two Engineering Assistants of the Ministry of Petroleum and Mines were the recipients of these scholarships.
- 7. A Seminar was held at the Ministry of Petroleum and Mines and organised jointly by the Ministry of Petroleum and Mines and the University of Oriente, Venezuela, in which all operating oil companies in Trinidad participated. The theme was "Pressure Buildup and Flow Tests in Wells." Dr's. Sandrea (Oriente University) and Nielsen (Pennsylvania State University U.S.A.) conducted the course.
- 8. At the International Seminar on Petroleum Administration in Developing Countries held in Port of Spain in April, Trinidad and Tobago were represented by two full time delegates, Mr. R. A. Thomas the Permanent Secretary and Mr. O. O. Fernandes the Chief Petroleum Engineer. A Paper entitled "A background paper on the Petroleum Industry and Government's Administration" was presented by the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Petroleum and Mines at this seminar.

July 1969

Ministry of Petroleum and Mines

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APPENDIX I. ANNUAL STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION, DRILLING, REFINING - EXPORTS AND IMPORTS - 1968

	Item	Unit	Percentage Difference 1968-1967	1968	1967	1966	1965	196 <del>4</del>	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
	PRODUCTION												
1.	Crude Oil	1000's bbls	+ 2.9	66, 904	64, 995	55, 603	48, 859	49,731	48,678	48, 876	· ·	42, 357	10, 919
2.	Natural Gasoline or C.H.P.S.	do.	- 14.6	164	192	188	1	200	170	194	199	202	218
3.	Total Crude Oil and Natural Gasoline (1+2)	dio.	+ 2.9	67,068	65, 187	55, 791	49,056	49,931	48, 848	1 '	· ·	42, 559	41, 137
4.	From Crown Oil Rights	do	+ 3.9	63, 345	60, 961	51, 648		46, 100	45,013	44, 302	1 <sup>7</sup>	37,784	36, 128
5.	From Private Oil Rights	do.	- 11.8	3, 559	4,034	3,955	3,585	3,631	3,665	4, 574	4,666	4, 573	4,791
6.	Total Imports	1000's bbls	+ 11.0	93, 380	84, 146	93, 508	94,050	83,682	74,758	65,409	62,707	47, 267	33, 826
7.	Imports of Refined Products (Lub. Oil)	do.	+ 14.0	49	43	-	2	54	47		46	43	39
8.	Imports of Crude Oil for Refining	do.	+ 13.7	91, 447	80, 437	93, 228	93, 398	83, 223	74, 131	65,168		45,324	31,350
9.	Imports of Other Oils for Refining & Blending	do.	- 48.6	1, 884	3,666	280	650	405	580	241	197	1,900	2, 437
10.	Total Exports	1000's bbls	+ 0.2	142, 076	141, 779	135, 678	132, 440	118, 596	106,771	93, 927	88, 179	68,331	57,918
11.	Exports of Crude Oil	do.	+ 20. 4	6, 983	5, 801	4,705	4,452	3,442	3,773	4,047	4,406	4, 127	3, 354
12.	Exports of Refined Products	do.	- 0.7	135,093	135, 978	130, 973	127,988	115, 154	102,998	89, 880	83,773	64, 204	54, 564
13.	Runs to Stills	1000's bbls	+ 8.9	151, 282	138, 925	144,193	137, 165	127, 548	119,692	109, 256	103, 755	81,955	68, 061
14.	No. of Wells Started	As Stated	- 17.4	176	213	273	225	192	226	282	286	298	290
15.	Total No. of Wells Completed	do.	- 20. 4	176	221	275	224	194	232	280	288	312	278
16.	No. of Drilling Wells Completed as Oil Wells	do.	- 23. 4	151	197	244	201	170	199	255	245	276	247
17.	No. of Drilling Wells abandoned (etc)	do.	- 4.2	25	24	31	23	24	33	25	43	35	31
18.	Total Footage Drilled (All Wells)	Feet	+ 1.6	942, 686	928, 210		1,058,736					1 · ·	
19.	Footage Drilled on Crown Oil Rights	do.	+ 5.5	928, 915	880, 839		1,012,922		1, 214, 166	1,360,450		1,320,132	
20.	Footage Drilled on Private Oil Rights	do.	- 70.9	13,771	47, 371	109,069	45, 814	49,701	32,082	145,737	191,979	86, 280	89,170
21.	Average Depth of Completed Drilling Wells (Item 15)	Feet	+ 24.7	5, 396	4, 328	4, 318	4, 823	5, 513	5,601	5,093	4, 654	4,609	5, 141
22.	Total No. of Well Producing (Av. during year)	As Stated	- 1.3	3, 381	3, 427	3, 377	3, 227	3,206	3, 128	3, 273	3, 244	3, 202	3, 210
23.	No. of Wells Produced by Flowing (Av. during year)	do.	- 10.8	795	891	934	920	1,010	1,007	1,026	1,047	969	951
24.	No. of Wells Produced by Artificial Lift (Av. during year)	do.	+ 2.0	2, 586	2, 536	2, 443	2, 307	2, 196	2, 121	2, 247	2, 197	2, 233	2, 259
25.	Average Daily Production per Producing Well	Barrel	+ 4.0	54.1	52.0	45.1	41.5	42.4	42.6	40.9	38.7	36.1	34.9
26.	Average Daily Production Flowing Well	do.	+ 16.7	137.3	117.6	96.3	88.9	92. 3	93.5	93.4	85.8	83.9	80.2
27.	Average Daily Production per Artificial Lift Well	do.	- 1.4	28.5	28.9	25.6	22.6	19.4	18.5	33.0	16.2	15.4	15.8
28.	Total Value of Domestic Exports	\$(000)	+ 20. 6	910, 636	755, 100	717, 170	678, 313	686, 254	627,717	579,658	579, 548	476, 436	434,909
29.	Total Value of Petroleum & Products (In Item 28)	dio.	+ 22, 2	725, 430	593, 653	580, 947	563, 319	573,903	5 <b>2</b> 5, 690	494, 343	193, 918	392, 612	363, 753
30.	Total Value of Lake Asphalt and Products	do.	- 4.7	3,209	3, 368	3, 570	3, 139	4,086	3,276	3,024	2,661	2, 327	2, 122
31.	Total Natural Gas Produced	M. M. C.	+ 7.9	151, <b>44</b> 5	140, 338	118, 927	111, 503	110, 732	99,386	99, 948	102, 335	87,652	91, 963
32.	Used as Fuel	do.	+ 4.8	56, 410	53, 846	48, 692	41, 517	37, 892	28, 623	23, 814	24,412	22, 942	21, 876
33.	Replaced in Formation	do.	- 5.7	21, 324	22, 625	19, 841	13, 866	14, 688	15, 824	13, 177	11, 841	10,777	12, 500
34.	Losses, Not Collected, Vented etc.	do.	+ 15.7	62,916	54, 355	50, 394	56, 120	58, 152	54, 939	62,957	66, 082	59, 833	57, 587

							Drill	ing Wells C	omp	leted									Average	Footage		* - 11 -
	Rig/	New	OI	l & Gas		jection &		Abando	oned						osed in	Monthl	y Footage	Drilled	Dril		Old W	ens
Month	Month	Wells Started	Pro	oducers		servation Wells		Dry Holes		echnical Causes	Total	Aggregate Depth	Average Depth		Aggregate				/Day	/Rig	Recom-	Aban-
			No.	Aggregate Depth	No.	Aggregate Depth	No.	Aggregate Depth	No.	Aggregate Depth		Zopin	Doptin	No.	Depth	Crown	Private	Total	/ Day	/Day	pleted	doned
January	8.0	12	12	64,232	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	64,232	5,352.6	-	-	68,576	-	68,576	2,212.1	276.5	23	8
February	7.9	11	6	30,231	-	-	-	-	1	15,535	7	45,766	6,538.0	-	-	63,942	-	63,942	2,204.9	279.1	23	7
March	8.3	16	9	45,555	-	-	3	12,800	-	-	12	58,355	4,862.9	-	-	72,001	2,517	74,518	2,403.8	289.6	21	13
April	8.7	20	19	82,990	-	-	3	29,860	-	-	22	112,850	5,129.5	-	-	80,821	4,983	85,804	2,860.1	328.7	24	21
May	7.8	15	14	63,070	-	-	2	9,200	-	-	16	72,270	4,516.9	-	-	75,815	-	75,815	2,445.6	313.5	24	6
June	8.7	14	12	58,692	-	-	1	13,418	-	-	13	72,110	5,546.9	-	-	93,431	-	93,431	3,114.4	358.0	35	5
July	9.0	17	12	63,526	-	-	2	11,700	-	-	14	75,226	5,373.3	-	-	80,140	-	80,140	2,585.2	287.2	37	25
August	9.0	15	18	100,888	-	-	3	16,271	1	13,309	22	130,468	5,930.4	-	-	77,563	6,271	83,834	2,765.8	307.3	39	4
September	8.9	18	12	56,475	-	-	4	17,545	-	-	16	74,020	4,626.3	-	-	87,194	-	87,194	2,906.4	326.6	36	6
October	8.9	13	14	68,862	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	68,862	4,918.7	1	1,570	77,718	-	77,718	2,507.0	281.7	30	11
November	9.8	13	8	46,596	-	-	1	6,523	1	15,963	10	69,082	6,908.2	-	-	82,765	-	82,765	2,758.8	281.5	24	8
December	9.5	12	10	43,963	-	-	1	8,062	-	-	11	521,025	4,729.5	2	11,100	68,949	-	68,949	2,224.2	234.1	17	3
Total 1968	104.5	176	146	725,080	-	-	20	125,379	3	44,807	169	895,266	5,297.4	3	12,670	928,915	13,771	942,686	2,575.6	295.7	333	117
Total 1967	113.5	213	197	865,396	-	-	21	88,100	3	2,870	221	956,366	4,827.5	1	3,819	880,839	47,371	928,210	2,543.0	268.9	394	56
% Increase 1967 - 1968	- 7.9	-17.4	-2,5.9	- 16.2	-	-	-4.8	+ 42.3	-	+1,460	-23.5	- 6.4	+ 22.4	+200	+ 231	+ 5.5	- 70.9	+ 1.6	+ 1.3	+10.0	-15.5	+1 <b>0</b> 9
Averages 1968	8.7	14.7	12.2	4,966.3	-	-	-	6,269.0	-	14,935.7	14.1	5,297.4	-	-	4,223.3	77,409	1,148	78,557	_	-	27.8	9.75
Averages 1967	9.5	17.8	16.4	4,392.8	-	-	-	4,195.2	-	956.7	18.4	4,327.5	-	-	3,819	73,403	3,948	77,351	-	-	32.8	4.67

APPENDIX II. MONTHLY ANALYSIS OF DRILLING AND WORKOVER WELLS, 1968

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	······				1 1001			LAND A	ND MARINI	2, 1000			
Footage Drilled	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
Marine	21,510	25, 591	26, 289	27, 325	23,706	27, 429	18, 036	23, 176	31, 364	23, 413	29, 260	22, 794	299, 89
Land	47,066	38, 351	48, 229	58, 479	52, 109	66, 002	62, 104	60, 658	55, 830	54, 305	53, 505	46, 155	642, 79
Total	68, 576	63, 942	74, 518	85, 804	75, 815	93, 431	80, 140	83, 834	87, 194	77, 718	82,765	68, <del>94</del> 9	942, 68
Daily Average Footage	<b>2212.</b> 1	2204. 9	2403.8	2860. 1	2445.6	3114.4	2585. 2	2704.3	2906.5	<b>25</b> 07. 0	2758.8	2224. 2	2575.
Daily Average Footage Rig	276.5	279. 1	289.6	328.7	313.5	366.4	287. 2	300.4	326.6	281.7	281.5	234. 1	236.
Marine % of Total Footage	31.4	40. 0	35.3	31.8	31.3	29.4	22. 5	27.6	36.0	30. 1	35.4	33. 1	31.

APPENDIX IIA. MONTHLY ANALYSIS OF FOOTAGE DRILLED - LAND AND MARINE, 1968

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## APPENDIX III. ANALYSIS OF MONTHLY PRODUCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1966

	1	Flor	ving		1	Gag / /	Air Lift			Pum	ning			Plunge	m Tift	<u>,</u>		Salt W	Vater					Number					B	reakdown of	Total Prod	luction		4		ļ	1
		1		Γ						Pulli	hurk	1		Piunge						1	Number	Number	Number	of Wells	Total Number	Daily Average	Total		Crown			Private		Average	Crown	Private	
Month	Number of Wells	Quantity Barrels	Total	Daily Average per well	Number of Wells	Quantity Barrels	Total	Daily Average per well	of	Quantity Barrels			of	Barrels	Total	Daily Average per well	Number of Wells	Quantity Barrels	% of Total Oil	Daily Average per well	of Wells Produced	of Idle Wells	of Wells Abd.	Month End	of	Per		Daily Av. Per Producing Wells	of	Droduced	Daily Av. Per Producing Wells	of	Quantity Produced (Barrels)	B.O.P.D.	C.H.P.S.	C.H.P.S.	Tota
anuary	801	3,603,49	95 6'n 6	144.9	1095	1,693,53	5 29 5	49.8	1297	587,812		14.6	109	64,885	1.0	10.0	2026	1,297,87	2 17 9	20.7	3386	3545	2178	6	9115	56.7	5,949,727	65.2	278 <b>9</b>	5,634,357	17.0	597	315,370	191,927	10,141	4485	
ebruary	809	3,421,88										14.6	192					1,203,41	1	20.5	3374	3559	2185	8	9126	57.0	5,579,622	65.7	2779	5,294,760	16.5	595	284,862	192,400	9,337	4173	13
arch	805	3,602,80	1		1091	1,559,00			1295	543,305		14.5	179	55,428			2027			22.6	3354	3591	2190	7	9142	56.5	5,873,996	64.9	2763	5,561,186	6 17.1	591	312,810	189,483	10,684	3845	14
ril	793	3,399,03			1095	1,626,46			1270	581,356		14.8	184	63;370				1,313,66	[		3353	3595	2205	9	9162	55.7	5,599,058	63.7	2770	5,297,518	B 17,2	583	301,540	186,635	9,687	3572	13
ty				142.9	1108	1,577,08			1270	558,806		14.7	182	64,135				1,250,29	1	21.1	3382	3578	2211	7	9177	54.6	5,721,736	62.6	2797	5,431,525	5 16.0	585	290,211	184,572	10,228	3831	14
*y ne	804 809	3,445,93 3,179,35	1	138.3	1114 1121	1,626,46			1282 1288	579,838 586,768		14.6	182 171	69,494 64,660				1,211,51		19.7 18.8	3389	3578	2214	10	9191	53.8	5,468,891		2799	5,179,554	4 16.3	590	289,337	182,296	10,664	3688	14
ODUCTION TOTAL st Jan 30th June	904																			20.5	3374	3574	2214		9191	55.7	34,193,030	64.0	2783	31,398,90	0 16.7	590	1,794,130	187,874	60,741	23594	8
y		20,652,51				9,720,65			1284	3,437,885		14.7		381,972				7,395,56		20.5	3406	3570	2226	6	9208	54.0	5,696,572	2 61.5	2833	5,405,01	7 16.4	573	291,555	5 183,761	10,760	3452	1
ust	822	3,361,25		[		1,679,72			1297	587,581		14.6	173	68,012				1,245,85		19.7	3416	3564	2234	9	9223	53.5	5,665,431		2834	5,366,84	8 16.5	582	298,583	3 182,755	10,303	3830	) 1
	799	3,339,98			1141	1,664,72			1311	590,941		14.5	165	69,783		• •	2092			19.8		3573	2241	8	9241	52.5	5,382,054		2855	5,086,56	9 17.5	564	295,485	5 179,402	9,981	3711	
tember	802	3,196,01	1		1123	1,530,34			1328	587,644	10.9	14.8	166	68,058	1			1,218,56		18.8	3419		2253	8	9254	51.3	5,384,50		2833	5,087,40	9 17.4	550	297,100	0 173,694	10,368	1875	5
ober	771	3,187,68			1118	1,537,82			1325	592,467		14.4	169	66,536			2097			18.9	3383	3610	2259		9267	52.0	5,244,92		2804	4,959,84	8 17.1	556	285,079	9 174,831	9,077	3034	4
vember	766	3,100,22		134.9	1111	1,488,86			1322	597,272		15.1	161	58,563			2072			19.3	3360	3639	2273	7	9279	51.3	5,337,38		2780	5,039,81	1 16.7	575	297,572	2 172,174	9,613	3 3331	נן :
ember	762	3,120,07	1 58.5	132.1	1133	1,548,96	1 29.0	44.1	1326	611,228	11.5	14.9	134	57,123	1.0	13.8	2142	1,262,43	1 19.1	18.7	3355	3644	2213	1	0210	01.0	-,,										3
ODUCTION TOTAL st July - 31st Dec.	787	19,305,23	2 59.0	133.3	1123	9,450,43	6 28.9	45.7	1318	3,567,133	10.9	14.7	161	388,075	1.2	13.1	2101	7,440,92	7 18.5	19.2	3389	3599	2273		9279	52.5	32,710,87	6 59.6	2823	30,945,50	02 16.9	566	1,765,374	4 177,776	60,102	19233	
ARS PRODUCTION		39,957,74'	7 59.7			19,171,09	4 28.6			7,005,108	10.5			770,047	1.2			14,836,48	9 18.2				2273		9279		66,903,90	6		63,344,40	02			4 182,797			1
LY AVERAGES		109,174				52,38				19,139				2,104				40,53									182,79	7		173,07	72		9,72	5 -	330	0 117	
RAGES DURING AR	795	-		137.3	1113			47.1	1302	,		14.7	171			12.3	2041			19.9	3381	3586				54.1		61.7	2803		16.8	578					

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### APPENDIX IIIA. ANALYSIS OF PRODUCTION BY OPERATING COMPANIES

		FLOW	ING			GAS L	IFT			PUMPI	NG			PLUNGER	LIFT			SALT WA	TER		Average	Daily		Companies	CROW PRODUC		PRIV PRODU	ATE
Company	Aver- age No.of wells	Quantity (Barrels)	% of Tota	Dail Aver age per wel	- age No. c	Quantity (Barrels)	1 /0 01	Daily Aver- age per well	Aver- age No. of wells	Quantity		Daily Aver- age per well	Aver - age No. of wells	Quantity (Barrels)		Daily Aver- age per well	Aver- age No. of wells	Quantity (Barrels)		Daily Aver- age per well	No. of Wells Produced	Average per pro- ducing Well	Total Oil Produced (Barrels)	Production as a % of Total	Production (Barrels)		Production (Barrels)	
Apex Trinidad Oilfields Limited	41	654, 53	9 27.4	43.	6 31	362,64	1 15.2	32.0	202	1,308,536	54.8	17.7	13	61,603	2.6	12.9	100	394,470	14.2	10.8	287	22.7	2, 387, 319	3.6	1,000,346	41.9	1, 386, 973	3 58.1
Kern Trinidad Oilfields Limited	64	521,48	7 66.	22.	3 25	106, 88	5 13.5	11.7	49	160, 781	20. 4	9.0	-	-	-	-	97	229, 212	22.5	6.5	138	15.6	789,153	1.2	334, 335	42.4	454, 818	3 57.6
Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited	151	2, 389, 07	7 45.	43.	2 171	1,466,51	6 27.8	23,4	136	705, 340	13.4	14.2	158	708, 444	13.5	12.3	299	1,007,376	16.0	9.2	616	23.4	5,269,377	7.9	4,985,124	94.6	284, 253	5.4
Texaco Trinidad Inc.	278	14,027,19	1 47.3	137.	9 805	13, 391, 16	2 45.2	45.5	473	2,240,399	7.5	12.9	-	-	-	-	1,169	8, 928, 963	23.1	20.9	1,556	52.1	29,658,752	44. 3	28,829,957	97.2	828, 795	5 2.8
Shell Trinidad Limited	75	1,243,12	0 34.1	45.	3 20	504,66	7 13.8	53.0	271	1,900,538	52.1	19.2	-	-	-	-	160	1,287,643	26.1	22.0	372	26.8	3, 648, 325	5.4	3,279,508	89.9	368, 817	10.1
Premier Consolidated Oilfields Limited	5	47,93	3 14.1	26.	2 2	18,95	8 5.9	25.9	107	256, 734	79.3	6.6	-	-	-	_	44	69, 383	17.7	4.3	114	7.8	323, 625	0.5	87,777	27.1	235, 848	72.9
Trinidad Canadian Oilfields Limited	15	258, 51	8 42.0	47.	1 13	123, 52	6 20.4	26.0	62	224, 678	37.0	9.9	-	-	-	-	64	350,103	36.6	14.9	90	18.4	606,722	0.9	606,722	100.0	-	-
Trinidad Northern Areas Limited	166	20,815,88	2 85.9	342.	6 40	3,196,73	9 13.2	218.4	2	208,012	0.9	284.2	-	-	-	-	108	2,569,339	9.6	65.0	208	318.2	24, 220, 633	36. 2	24, 220, 633	100.0	-	
Total	795	39,957,74	7 59.7	137.	3 1,115	19,171,09	4 28.6	47.1	1,302	7,005,018	10.5	14.7	171	770,047	1.2	12.3	2,041	14, 836, 489	18.2	19.9	3, 381	54.1	66, 903, 906	100.0	63, 344, 402	94.7	3, 559, 504	5.3
Total 1967	891	38,249,89	6 58.8	117.	6 971	18,687,32	3 28.8	52.7	1,364	7,142,069	11.0	14.3	200	915, 294	1.4	12.5	2,078	13,051,031	16.7	17.2	3, 426	52.0	64, 994, 582	100.0	60, 961, 073	93.8	1,033,509	6.2

## NATURAL GASOLINE C. H. P. S. PRODUCTION

Company	Crown Oil Rights	Private Oil Rights	Total
	Barrels	Barrels	Barrels
Apex (Trinidad) Oilfields Limited	22, 636	40,848	63, 484
Trinidad Petroleum Development Co. Ltd.	98, 207	1,979	100,186
Total	120, 843	42,827	163,670
Total - 1967	138,658	53, 337	191,995

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APPENDIX III B. DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION BY MONTHS FOR ALL COMPANIES - 1968

0		Tahmaan	Moush	A	Marr	Turne	Teo )	Anoreat	Bentomber	Ostober	Nonetta	Describe	Grand T	otal
Company	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total	B.O.P.I
APEX	216,435	189,259	215,754	196,281	190,962	193,753	198,225	194,528	194,667	<b>2</b> 01,381	193,318	202,756	2,387,31	6,523
B.O.P.D.	6,982	6,526	6,960	6,543	6,160	6,458	6,394	6,275	6,489	6,496	6,444	6,542		
К.Т.О.	62, <b>496</b>	56,915	66,151	71,677	67,084	64,350	67,968	75,204	68,107	66, <b>469</b>	60,761	61,971	789,15	2,156
B.O.P.D.	2,016	1,963	2,134	2,389	2,164	2,145	2,193	2,426	2,270	2,144	2,025	1,999		
T.P.D.	494,312	448,277	473,289	448,837	437,576	423,061	422, <b>29</b> 7	436,224	428,077	421,541	414,830	421,056	5,269,377	7 14,397
B.O.P.D.	15,945	15,458	15,267	14,961	14,115	14,102	13,622	14,072	14,269	13,598	13,827	13,582		
S.T.L.	324,993	300,739	320,555	311,524	318,245	304,556	306,106	305,741	296,422	287,536	280,756	291,152	3,648,32	5 9,968
B.O.P.D.	10,484	10,370	10,340	10,384	10,266	10,152	9,874	9,863	9,881	9,275	9,359	9,392		
т.т.і.	2,785,382	2,635,949	2,749,724	2,556,695	2,596,784	2,457,360	2,578,046	2,555,000	2,266,724	2,240,841	2,124,425	2,111,822	29,658,75	81,035
B.O.P.D.	89,851	90,895	88,701	85 <b>, 223</b>	83,767	81,912	83,163	82,419	75,557	72,285	70,814	68,1 <b>23</b>	1	
т.с.о.	51,813	46,964	53,982	49,276	48,315	45,966	46,536	55,119	52,497	53,198	53,178	49,878	606,722	2 1,658
B.O.P.D.	1,672	1,619	1,741	1,643	1,559	1,532	1,501	1,778	1,750	1,716	1,773	1,609		
P.C.O.L.	34,848	32,021	31,489	25,811	27,330	25,709	26,307	24,894	22,847	24,105	23,460	24,804	323,625	5 884
B.O.P.D.	1,124	1,104	1,016	860	882	857	849	803	762	778	782	800		
T.N.A.	1,979,448	1,869,498	1,963,052	1,938,957	2,035,440	1,954,136	2,051,087	2,018,721	2,052,713	2,089,438	2,094,199	2,173,944	24,220,633	66,176
B.O.P.D.	63,853	64,465	63,324	64,632	65,659	65,138	66,164	65,120	68,424	67,401	69,807	70,1 <b>2</b> 7		
TOTAL	5,949,727	5,579,622	5,873,996	5,599,058	5,7 <b>21,</b> 736	5,468,891	5,696,572	5,665,431	5,382,054	5,384,509	5,244,927	5,337,383	66,903,906	182,797
1968	191,927	192,400	189,483	186,635	184,572	182,296	183,760	182,756	179,402	173,693	174,831	172,174		
TOTAL	5,022,794	4,666,257	5,299,709	5,214,576	5,377,452	5,313,109	5,584,494	5,603,291	5,548,005	5,802,111	5,642,730	5,920,054	64,994,582	178,067
1967	162,025	166,652	170,958	173,819	173,466	177,104	180,144	180,751	184,933	187,165	188,091	190,969		
BP Group	773,243	694,451	755,194	616,795	695,622	681,164	688, <b>49</b> 0	705,956	690,851	689,391	668,909	685,783	8,445,849	23,076
1968 B.O.P.D.	24,943	23,947	24,361	23,893	22,439	22,705	22,210	22,773	23,028	22,238	22,296	22,122		

# APPENDIX IIIC. MARINE OFFSHORE, LAND PRODUCTION, 1968

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Type of Wells	January		February		March		April		Мау		June		Jan - June Sub-Total		July		August		Sep	September		October		November		December		July - December Sub-Total		Grand Total	
	No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No. of Wells		No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No.of Wells	Pro- duction	Av. No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No.of Wells		No.of Wells		No.of Wells	Pro- duction	No. of Wells	-	No. of Wells	Pro- duction	No.of Wells	Pro- duction	Av. No. of Wells	Pro- duction	Av. No. of Wells	Pro- duction	
Marine																															
T.N.A. Soldado	194	1,972,865	192	1,863,437	196	1,957,033	198	1,933,231	200	2,027,954	199	1,947,856	197	11,702,376	, 201	2,045,067	202	2,011,992	206	2,046,145	209	2,083,947	209	2,088,534	210	2,168,791	206	12,444,476	201	24,146,852	
Ft-1, Ft-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TEXACO ABM	97	289,754	105	306, 002	2 109	324, 715	108	302, 992	108	314,111	106	296,009	105	1,833,583	111	292, 696	113	297,860	111	279,095	113	279, 298	110	281,100	108	270, 238	111	1,700,287	108	3, 533, 870	
ALM	3	8,593	3	9,057	1 3	9,906	3	10,035	3	10,052	3	9,841	3	57, 484	3	10,124	3	7,294	3	8,446	2	6, 317	3	7, 810	3	6, 612	3	46,603	3	104,087	
P.C.O.L. Couva Marine	1	5,806	1	4,946	3 1	3, 584	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14, 336	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	14, 336	
T.P.D. North Marine	3	30, 957	3	32, 519	3	31,920	3	28,987	3	26, 527	3	24,296	3	175,206	3	19,896	3	23,735	2	20, 635	2	18,116	2	13, 611	2	18,848	2	114,841	2	290,047	
K.T.O. 'G' Wells	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	298	2,307,975	304	2,215,961	312	2,327,158	312	2,275,245	314	2,378,644	311	2,278,002	309	13,782,985	318	2, 367, 783	321	2, 340, 881	322	2, 354, 321	326	2,387,678	324	2,391,055	323	2,464,489	322	14, 306, 207	315	28,089,192	
Deviated from Shore					Į																										
T.N.A., F.O.S.	8	6, 583	7	6,061	. 8	6,019	8	5,726	8	7,486	6	6,280	8	38,155	8	6, 020	7	6, 729	7	6,568	5	5, 491	7	5,665	6	5,153	7	35,626	8	73, 781	
TEXACO AS	70	70, 917	73	62,819	69	65,276	64	60, 685	66	59,443	67	58,588	67	377,728	69	62,662	70	61,147	66	60, 972	74	61,979	68	59,100	67	59,096	69	364,956	68	742, 684	
ALS	5	6, 922	6	7,826	5 5	8,484	6	11,551	6	8,855	6	12,026	6	55,664	6	11,896	6	11,074	6	12,018	6	11,069	6	8,897	6	9,143	6	64,097	6	119, <b>76</b> 1	
K.T.O. 'M' Wells	4	1,161	4	850	6	918	5	1,071	5	1,125	5	968	5	6,093	2	1,842	3	1,286	4	1,078	4	1,520	5	1,133	5	888	4	7,747	4	13,840	
Total	87	85, 583	90	77,556	88	80, 697	83	79,033	85	76, 909	84	77,862	86	477, 640	85	82,420	86	80,236	83	80,636	89	80,059	86	74, 795	84	74,280	86	472,426	86	950,0 <b>66</b>	
Marine and Deviated	385	2, 393, 558	394	2,293,517	400	2,407,855	395	2,354,278	399	2,455,553	395	2,355,864	395	14,260,625	403	2, 450, 203	407	2,421,117	405	2,434,957	415	2,467,737	410	2,465,850	407	2,538,769	408	14,778,633	401	29,039,258	
Land	3,001	3, 556, 169	2, 980	3, 286, 105	2, 954	3,466,141	2,958	3, 244, 780	2,983	3,266,183	2,994	3,113,027	2,978	19, 932, 405	3,003	3, 246, 369	3, 009	3, 244, 314	3,014	2,947,097	2,968	2,916,772	2, 950	2,779,077	2,948	2,798,614	2,982	17,932,243	2,980	37,864,648	
<b>Total Production</b>	3, 386	5,949,727	3, 374	5,579,622	3, 354	5,873,996	3, 353	5,599,058	3, 382	5,721,736	3, 389	5,468,891	3, 373	34,193,030	3,406	5, 696, 572	3, 416	5, 665, 431	3, 419	5,382,054	3, 383	5, <b>38</b> 4,509	3, 360	5,244,927	3,355	5,337,383	3, 390	32,710,876	3, 381	66,903,906	

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## APPENDIX IV. PRODUCTION AND DISPOSAL OF NATURAL GAS - 1968 (all figures of Gas Production in M. c. f.) M = 1,000 standard cubic feet

Half Yearly Totals	Crude Oil Production bbls.		<u></u>	NATURAL GAS DISPOSAL														
		Avonogo		Sales to Other Companies		Converted to C.H.P.S.	USED A	S FUEL	VENTEI	TO ATMOS	SPHERE			NATURAL	GAS REC	ĺ		
		G.O.R. Cu.Ft./ bbls.	Natural Gas Production		Replaced into formation		In Fields	In Refineries	After Utilization	Without Utilization	Total	Pipeline Losses and unaccounted for		Natural Gas Treated		Natural Gasolene Produced bbls.		Used for the Manufacture of Petro- Chemicals
January	5,949,727	2,157	12,836,072	2,580,417	1,680,951	15,344	638,162	2,625,238	2,453,435	1,8 <b>9</b> 1,520	4,344,955	170,717	780,288	1,991,698	328	18,758	2,263,661	977,410
February	5,579,622	2,177	12,145,404	2,062,956	1,665,55 <b>2</b>	14,175	591,894	2,538,103	2,258,553	2,117,357	4,375,910	186,832	709,982	1,600,635	440	20,060	1,890,287	685,820
March	5,873,996	2,216	13,018,057	2,709,326	1,635,148	15,245	641,687	2,501,839	2,468,723	2,097,325	4,566,048	159,713	789,051	1,880,001	344	18,496	2,117,821	1,000,537
April	5,599,058	2,314	12,955,297	2,576,912	1,662,947	14,906	591,772	2,447,222	2,614,218	2,083,789	4,698,007	206,752	756,779	1,679,419	359	17,077	2,114,103	925,462
May	5,721,736	2,268	12,975,584	2,634,486	1,643,430	14,751	653,986	2,417,416	2,896,782	1,668,683	4,565,465	292,463	753,587	1,969,331	327	18,387	2,162,082	970,444
June	5,468,891	2,314	12,656,604	2,547,693	1,527,004	15,057	634,595	2,222,577	3,033,146	1,594,758	4,627,904	296,089	785,685	1,926,032	335	18,457	2,068,537	963,592
Half-Year Total	34,193,030	2,240	76,587,018	15,111,790	9,815,032	89,478	3,752,096	14,752,395	15,724,857	11,453,432	27,178,289	1,312,566	4,575,372	11,047,116	352	111,235	12,616,491	5,523,265
July	5,696,572	2,279	12,981,933	2,605,507	1,826,203	14,910	671,70 <b>9</b>	<b>2,229</b> ,838	2,919,747	1,492,287	4,412,034	398,984	822,748	1,944,111	328	18,245	1,981,640	953,693
August	5,665,431	2,248	12,734,139	2,454,037	1,952,959	14,829	657, <b>29</b> 5	2,297,174	2,679,595	1,614,868	4,294,463	267,326	796,056	1,633,007	352	16,474	1,930,404	873,178
September	5,382,054	2,270	12,214,846	2,127,604	1,892,389	14,366	653,169	2,444,223	2,790,945	1,244,887	4,035,832	274,430	772,833	1,432,958	392	16,077	1,853,584	671,902
October	5,384,509	2,281	12,282,068	2,404,250	1,986,492	12,844	707,113	2,551,160	2,367,128	1,118,390	3,485,518	309,021	825,670	942,840	464	12,518	2,113,336	787,457
November	5,244,927	2,329	12,216,300	2,460,663	2,006,212	12,707	694,776	2,482,197	2,282,617	1,078,355	3,360,972	278,670	920,103	1,512,425	359	15,521	1,945,821	830,149
December	5,337,383	2,329	12,428,641	2,733,083	1,843,963	13,579	711,412	2,500,026	2,492,026	948,209	3,440,235	181,082	1,005,261	1,864,205	329	17,539	2,090,395	963,297
Half-Year Total	32,710,876	2,288	74,857,927	14,785,144	11,508,218	83,235	4,095,474	14,504,618	15,532,058	7,496,996	23,029,054	1,709,513	5,142,671	9,329,546	361	96,374	11,915,180	5,0 <b>79</b> ,67 <b>6</b>
Year Total	66,903,906	2,264	151,444,945	29,896,934	21,323,250	172,713	7,847,570	<b>29,2</b> 57,013	31,256,915	18,950,428	50,207,343	3,022,079	9,718,043	20,376,662	356	207,609	24,531,671	10,602,941
Percentage Disposal for Year	-	-	-	19.8	14.1	0.1	5.2	19.3	20.6	12.5	33.1	2.0	6.4	13.5	_	-	16.2	7.0

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Country of Destination	Totals	% of Total Exports	Crude Petro- leum Exported	L.P.G.	Aviation Turbine Fuels	Aviation Gasolines	Motor	Kerosines .	Gas & Diesel Fuels	Fuel Oils	Lubes & Greases	ducts	Other Refixed Products(1) and Petro- Chemicals
North America: Canada	2,142,170		5,658,000		-	-	641,369		494,352	797,507		-	150
U.S.A. Total N.A.	75,104,193 77,246,363		255,000 5,913,000		7,258,148 7,258,148		4,283,185 4,924,534		1,005,087 1,499,439	61,385,348 62,182,855			557,355 557,505
Central America					-								
Canal Zone Costa Rica	1,326,754 45,276		-	-	84,358 5,664	12,079 12,790	-	5,996	371,803	858,454	20,826	-	-
Honduras Other C.A. (2)	60,339 103,887	0.041	-	-	8,959	2,500 29,606			16,861	-	31,019	-	-
Total C.A.	1,536,256		-	-	98,981	29,000	1,000	5,996	388,724	26,631 885,085		10,1 <b>63</b> 10,1 <b>63</b>	
South America												}	
Argentina Brazil	275,046 2,392,209			-	62,467	-	1,387,199	-	-	670,429	275,046		-
Chile	162,807	0.112	- 1			-	-	- (		162,807	- 1	-	] :
French Guiana Guyana	472,905 3,366,441			9,139 25,909	5,076	10,806 21,931	73,928 289,302			10,528 2,052,120			
Surinam Uruguay	3,786,549		-	55,202	19,220	72,910	175,593	98,594	855,485	2,482,755		23,687	683
Other S.A. (3)	173,965 85,250	0.058			-	25,894 3,000			22,363	35,991			
Total S.A.	10,715,172	7.361	-	90,250	86,763	134,541	1,927,773	423,818	2,004,208	5,414,630	570,621	60, 806	1,756
West Indian Is.			}										1
British <sup>(4)</sup> French <sup>(5)</sup>	2,057,526 660,513	1	-	51,671 90,706	160,042	61,700 11,643				, <i>'</i>		31,170	
Netherland (0)	2,166,499	1.488	-		1,125,744	98,511	79,876 136,725	5,200	528,455	224,673 270,949		46,176	426
Puerto Rico Virgin Islands	4,073,944		1,070,000	-	410,474 63,732	1,330,460 10,330	1,344,759 165,890		12,505 79,710	114,463 739,112		-	-
Other W.I. Is. <sup>(7)</sup>	180,623	0.124	- ``	8,249	4,987	-	47,360	- 1	25,218	94,810	- 1	-	]
Total W.I. Is.	10,389,067	7.137	1,070,000	151,540	1,764,979	1,512,644	2,058,741	1,535,630	1,1 <b>44,430</b>	2,018,841	122,306	77,346	2,610
Europe													
Belgium Denmark	366,065 2,310,733			-	-	-	293,128	-	2,310,733	-	72,937	1 :	-
Federal Republic		-											
of Germany Gibraltar	<b>48</b> 1,721 324,702		-	-	12,630		131,144		330,501 30,726	281,346		1 -	20,076
Greece Italy	154,844 117,697		-	-	154,844	-	-	) -	-	-	-	-	117,697
Malta	219,426	0.151	-	-	-	-	-	-		219,426		-	
Netherlands Spain	1,217,110 247,901		[ _	-	247,901	-	290,163	:	444,961	-	-	:	481,986
Sweden	14,406,181	9.897	-	-	525,630	37,780	3,561,277					- 1	-
U.K. Other Europe (8)	7,098,980 47,916		-		47,916	1	4,778,627	80,450	712,417	1,188,287	76,904		262,295
Total Europe	26,993,276	18.543	-	-	988,921	37,780	9,054,339	94,970	10,479,510	5,219,514	236,188	1	882,054
Others (9)								}	i				
Africa <sup>(9)</sup> Canary Islands	2,629,850 445,234		-	{ <u>-</u>	558,478	83,675	357,712	-	807,266 255,611			1	-
Cape Verde Is.	17,431	0.012	-	_	17,431	-	] -	-		189,623	-	-	-
Guam Japan	1,831,657 1,684,286	1.258	-	_	1,829,957	1 -	-	1,700	-	-	-	-	103,615
Okinawa	941,055	0.646	-	-	941,055	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phillipines Taiwan	1 <b>39,648</b> 524,165	0.096	-	_	1 <b>39,648</b> 524,165	-	-		-	-	1 ]	]	! :
Total Others Total Cargoes	8,213,326 135,093,460	5.641 92,801	-	241 700	5,589,405 5,787,197	83,675	357,712	1,700	1,062,877	1,003,981	10,361		103,615
Foreign Bunkers	10,479,880		-	-	122,418	10,926			16,579,188 1,311,996				1,547,540
Total Exports	145,573,340	00 000		241 790	5 909 615	1 898 541	10 994 000	2 667 709	17,891,184				

#### APPENDIX V. DESTINATION OF EXPORTS OF CRUDE AND REFINED PRODUCTS FROM TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO, 1968 (all quantities in bbis)

# Tucupita Fuel (Fuel Olls) Transhipped

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288,156 of which 174,127 went to U.S. 79,558 went to Canal Zone: and 34,471 went to Surinam.

Note (1) Total Exports of "Other Refined Products" was 4,283 barrels

1,073 Guyana; 683 Surinam 1,901 British West Indies 426 French West Indies 200 Foreign Bunkers

- Note (2) Other Central America: British Honduras (10,163); El Salvador (31,067); Guatemala (11,727); Mexico (17,879) and Panama (33,031).
  Note (3) Other South America: Colombia (25,949); Felkland Islands (56,256) and Venezueia (3,045).
  Note (4) British: Antigua, Bahamas, Barbados, Bermuda, Dominica, Grand Cayman, Grenada, Jamaica, Montserrat, St. Kitts, St. Lucia and St. Vincent.
  Note (5) French: Guadeloupe, Martinique, St. Maarteen.
  Note (6) Netherlands: Aruba; Curacao.
- Note (5) Note (6) Note (7) Note (8) Note (9)

- Netherianas: Aruca; Curacao. Other West Indian Islands: Dominica Republic (125,813) and Haiti (54,810). Other Europe: Cyprus (28,157) and Turkey (19,759). Africa: Cameroon, Congo, Dahomey, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Liberia, Libya, Morroco, Mozambique, Nigeria, Republic of Congo, Senegal, Sterra Leone, South Africa, Spanish Sahara, Togo, Tunisia.

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					Purchases			Local Con	sumption		Ехро	orts			
Inventory Name	Opening Inventory	Production	Imports		etc. from	Sales etc. to other Pete. Mark.	Own Use	Retailer etc.	Local Bunkers	Total	Cargoes	Foreign Bunkers	Gains and Losses	Closing Inventory	Totals
Liquidfied Gases	2,049	364,938	-	366, 987	257,690	257,690	591	124, 281	-	124,872	241,790	-	(842)	1,167	366, 987
Aviation Gasolines	78,679	1,850,536	-	1,929,215	101,189	101,189	-	`17,126	416	17, 542	1,825,615	10, 926	14	75,118	1,929,215
Motor Gasolines	1,091,597	19,580,601	31,738	20, 703, 936	1,948,640	1,948,640	16,535	1,217,874	-	1,234,409	18,321,000	-	1,757	1,146,770	20, 703, 936
Domestic Gasoline	1,032	20, 302	-	21, <b>334</b>	18,662	18, <b>662</b>	111	17, 232	-	17, 343	3,099	-	Ģ	886	21,334
Aviation Turbine Fuels	296,153	16,302,489	53, 384	16,652,026	750, 211	750, 211	-	163,843	121,934	285, 777	15,787,197	122,418	(248)	456, 882	16,652,026
Kerosene	284,956	2, 686, 847	64,779	3,036,582	554,062	544,062	879	261,778	-	262,657	2,570,100	441	686	202, 698	3, 036, 582
White Spirit	7, 341	4,616	-	11,957	4, 508	4,508	2,390	4, 461	-	6, 851	2,187	-	8	2, 911	11,957
Vaporizing Oil	14,778	88,694	-	103, 472	6	6	-	6	-	6	94, 975	-	-	8, 491	103, 472
Gas Oil	*945,256	17,055,257	-	18,000,513	2,626,799	2,626,799	86,288	345,407	70,868	502,563	16,525,468	369,788	10, <b>366</b>	592, 328	18,000,513
Marine Diesel	*106, 269	1,012,992	-	1,119,261	1,105,078	1,105,078	234	11,124	13,154	24, 512	53,720	942, 208	(12, 459)	111,280	1,119,261
Fuel Oils	*2,084,798	85, 337, 455	1,636,340	89,058,593	15,297,453	15,297,453	22,552	206, 289	-	228, 841	76, 724, 906	9,027,602	(20, 011)	3,097,255	89,058,593
Tucupita Fuels <sup>1</sup>	206, 062 <sup>1</sup>	-	1,002,005 <sup>1</sup>	1,208,067 <sup>1</sup>	-	894,112 <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	-	288,156 <sup>1</sup>		2,720 <sup>1</sup>	23, 079 <sup>1</sup>	313,955 <sup>-</sup>
Lubes and Greases	238,098	1,093,524	49, 420	1,381,042	16, 597	16, <b>59</b> 7	11,314	49, 995	23	61,332	1,247,548	6, 297	1,168	64, 697	1,381,042
Asphalt Products	48,957	198,908	5,793	253, 658	193, 401	193, 401	857	78, 565	-	79, 422	148, 315	-	33	25, 888	253, <b>6</b> 58
Unfinished Oils	809, 531	(171, 266)	68,758	707,023	-	-	1,876	-	-	1,876	-	-	394	704,753	707,023
Petrochemicals	244,711	1,514,757	19, 896	1,779,364	2,690	2,690	-	3, 832	-	3, 832	1, 543, 457	-	(68)	232,143	1,779,364
Other Finished Products	14, 831	47,577	3,052	65,460	25, 644	25,644	3,482	28, 279	-	31,761	4,083	200	510	28, 906	65,460
TOTAL	6, 269, 036	146, 988, 227	1,933,160	155,190,423	22,902,630	22, 902, 630 <sup>-</sup>	147,109	2,5 <b>3</b> 0,092	206, 395	2,883,596	135,093,460	10, 479, 880	(18, 686)	6,752,173	55, 190, 423

## APPENDIX VI. MOVEMENT OF REFINERY PRODUCTS - 1968 (quantities in barrels)

()Brackets indicate a negative quantity

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<sup>1</sup>Not included in TOTAL

\*Note: Statistics given for year 1967 do not include the following adjustments on behalf of Chaguaramas Terminals Limited

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Product	Gains and Losses	Closing Stock
Gas Oil	13 more	<b>13 less</b>
Marine Diesel	99 less	<b>99 more</b>
Fuel Oil	1,279 less	1,279 more
Totals of all Products	1,365 less	1, <b>36</b> 5 more

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Month	Production	Imports	Decrease In Inventories	TOTALS	Purchases and Exchanges from other Companies	Sales and Exchanges to other Companies	Own Use	To Refinery	Exports	Gains and Losses	TOTAL
January	5,964,353	7,320,505	47, 898	13,332,756	3,664,652	3,664,652	1,301	12,736,607	483,106	111,742	13, 332, 756
February	5,593,132	6,761,962	126,088	12,481,182	3,498,975	3,498,975	690	12,066,890	357,798	55,804	12,481,182
March	5,888,525	6,623,587	183,556	12,695,668	3,069,755	3,069,755	1,255	11,846,875	768,894	78,644	12, <b>69</b> 5, 668
April	5,612,317	7, 636, 485	54,883	13,303,685	3,745,179	3,745,179	2,034	12,683,371	509,977	108,303	13,303,685
May	5,735,795	6, 986, 408	768,657	13,490,860	3,760,235	3,760,235	1,713	12,696,422	733, 392	59, 333	13,490,860
June	5,483,243	8,180,041	(576, 342)	13,086,942	3,475,176	3,475,176	1,098	12,327,307	628,464	130,073	13,086,942
July	5,710,784	8,192,906	(429, 330)	13,474,360	3,717,211	3,717,211	2,142	12,868,177	514, 746	89, 295	13,474,360
August	5,679,565	7,697,292	408,023	13,784,880	3,546,500	3,546,500	1,761	13,078,654	604,652	99, 813	13,784,880
September	5,395,752	7,501,484	313,819	13,211,055	3,629,251	3,629,251	1,098	12,740,079	389, 689	80,189	13,211,055
October	5,396,752	8,536,095	(787,164)	13,145,683	3,694,388	3, 694, 388	1,729	12,408,021	652,895	83,038	13,145,683
November	5,257,038	7,219,915	1,018,365	13,495,318	3, 689, 932	3,689,932	1,316	12,849,921	537,802	106,279	13,495,318
December	5,350,327	8,790,035	(312,259)	13,828,103	3, 699, 351	3, 699, 351	988	12,979,774	801,369	45, 972	13,828,103
TOTAL	67,067,583	91,446,715	816,194	159,330,492	43,190,605	43,190,605	17,125	151,282,098	6,982,784	1,048,485	159, 330, 492

## APPENDIX VII. MOVEMENT OF CRUDE AND C.H.P.S. - YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1968

(all quantities in barrels)

Note: Brackets indicate negative quantities

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APPENDIX VIII. SUMMARY OF CRUDE OIL ASSESSED FOR CROWN ROYALTY WITH PRICES AND ANALYSES - 1968
(FOR HALF YEARLY ASSESSMENT PERIODS ENDING 30TH JUNE AND 31ST DECEMBER)
1 Barrel = 34,9726 I.G.

	[	ROYALTY				= 34.97 SUB DI	VISION OF (RO)	ALTY)	CRUDE D	TO PRO	DUCTS A	SPER R. L	.E.I. A	NALYSIS		
	Net Royalty			[	I	ight Fra	ctions			Ga	s Oil			Fuel	Oil	
Company	Production bbls.	10% Assessed bbls.	Value \$	Average Price \$/bbls.	Quantity bbls.	Per- centage	Tetra Ethyl Lead to blend to 70/72 Oct- ane Gasoline mls.	53-57 D. L bbls.	48-52 D.I. bbls.	43-47 D.I. bbls.	No. 2 Fuel bbls.	Total Gas Oils bbls.	Per- centage	Quantity bbls.	Per- centage	Crude Oil Weighted Average Gravity A. P. I.
Apex (Trinidad) Oilfields Limited	516, 316	51, 632	256, 529. 74	4.97	6, 438	12.47	50, 534. 17	-	-	-	16, 527	16,527	32.01	28, 667	55.52	23.1
Dominion Oil Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kern Trinidad Oilfields Limited	168, 228	16, 823	58, 616. 41	3.48	1, 292	7.68	30, 588. 41	56	165	4	-	225	1.34	15,306	90. 98	17.6
Premier Consolidated Oilfields Limited	52, 850	5, 285	19, 874. 39	5.46	1,480	28.00	29, 958. 84	551	- 1	497	528	1,576	<b>29</b> .80	2, 229	42.20	32.7
Estate of Timothy Roodal	265	27	119.61	4.43	1	2.50	-	-	-	-	8	8	29.70	18	67.80	20. 1
Shell Trinidad Limited	1, 691, 935	169, 193	859,477.71	5.08	44, 386	26,20	1, 345, 570. 40	19,902	-	9,546	8,963	38,411	22.70	86, 396	51.10	29.0
Trinidad Canadian Oilfields Limited	296, 316	29,632	152, 984. 09	5.16	10, 383	35.00	302, 675. 59	106	263	847	4, 197	5,413	18.30	13, 8?6	46.70	30.3
Trinidad Northern Areas Limited	11, 740, 531	1, 174, 053	5, 281, 058. 64	4.50	220, 563	18.80	7,832,841.49	177, 694	-	-	-	177,694	15.10	775,796	66.10	26.1
Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited	2, 568, 857	256, 886	1, 157, 045. 95	4.77	28, 343	11.03	356, 418. 23	1,122	-	418	71,560	73,100	28.46	155, 443	60. 51	23.7
Texaco Trinidad Inc.	15, 330, 084	1,533,009	8, 336, 285. 74	5.44	271, 554	17,70	7,342,377.37	306, 928	96, 260	-	169,250	572, 438	37.30	689,017	45,00	29.4
Total and Averages for First Half Year	32, 365, 382	3, 236, 540	16, 121, 992. 28	5.01	584,440	18.06	17, 290. 964. 50	506, 359	96, 688	11,312	271,033	885, 392	27.35	1,766,708	54.59	27.6
Apex (Trinidad) Oilfields Limited	483,184	48,318	217, 851. 19	4.51	5,582	11.55	51,697.16	-	-	-	14,938	14,938	30.92	27, 798	57.53	23.1
Dominion Oil Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kern Trinidad Oilfields Limited	165,848	16, 585	50, 296. 95	3.03	1,109	6.69	27,717.32	63	-	132	-	195	1.17	15, 281	92.14	17.6
Premier Consolidated Oilfields Limited	34, 384	, 3,439	16, 425. 12	4. 83	793	23.06	15, 698. 91	-	-	486	447	933	27.13	1,713	49.81	27.7
Estate of Timothy Roodal	278	28	113.61	4.06	1	2.50	-	-	-	-	8	8	29.70	19	67.80	20.1
Shell Trinidad Limited	1, 587, 228	158, 723	773, 364. 50	4.87	42,767	26, 90	1, 122, 007. 10	20, 620	-	9,448	7,496	37, 564	23,70	78, 392	49.40	29.2
Trinidad Canadian Oilfields Limited	310, 406	31,041	147, 201. 76	4.74	9,726	31.33	270, 881. 90	-	-	-	5,368	5,368	17.29	15,947	51.38	29, 3
Trinidad Northern Areas Limited	12, 480, 102	1,248,010	5,075,447.76	4. 07	231,600	18.50	8, 402, 703. 12	-	168, 082	-	-	168, 082	13.40	848, 328	68,10	19.9
Trinidad Petroleum Development Company Limited	2, 293, 779	229,378	1, 022, 320. 53	4.46	26, 369	11.50	298, 779. 17	-	-	2, 502	65,740	68, 242	29.75	134,767	58. 75	23.7
Texaco Trinidad Inc.	13, 441, 527	1,344,152	6, 754, 573. 53	5.03	223,054	16.59	5, 426, 335. 86	236, 834	91,011	420	166,929	495, 194	36.84	625,904	46.57	28.9
Totals and Averages for Second Half Year	30, 796, 736	3,079,674	14, 057, 594. 95	4.57	541,001	17.57	15, 615, 820. 54	257,517	259,093	12, 988	260, 926	790, 524	25.67	1,748,149	56.76	27.9
YEARS TOTALS AND AVERAGES	63, 162, 118	6, 316, 214	30, 179, 587. 23	4.78	1, 125, 441	17.82	32,906,785.04	763, 876	355, 781	24, 300	531,959	1,675,916	26.53	3, 514, 857	55. <b>6</b> 5	27.7

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#### APPENDIX IX. ROYALTY ASSESSMENT

### The Royalty assessed on the crude oil, natural gasoline and natural gas produced on Crown Oil Mining Leases for each half yearly period during 1966, 1967 and 1968 is shown in the following table:-

Source of Revenue	Assessment for Half-yearly Period Ending										
Source of Revenue	31.12.68	30. 6.68	31.12.67	30. 6.67	31.12.66	30. 6.66					
Royalty on Natural Gas	319,981.83	324,853.16	304,837.87	311,518.47	304,664.80	261,360.07					
Royalty on Natural Gasoline	42,054.10	41,530.06	44,121.56	45,735.22	47,316.53	41,923.98					
Minimum Rents not offset by Royalty on Crude Oil	446,159.93	446,159.93	574,291.72	490,290.64	512,561.57	536,466.51					
Royalty on Crude Oil	14,057,594.95	16,121,992.28	14,675,919.35	12,959,841.33	11,892,700.86	10,734,011.96					
Half-Yearly Total	14,865,790.81	16,934,535.43	15,599,170.50	13,807,385.66	12,757,243.76	10,881,652.72					
Yearly Totals	early Totals \$ 31,800,326.24		\$ 29,40	6,556.16	\$ 24,331,006.14						

The Volumes upon which the above assessments were made are as follows:-

.

Substance Assessed	i Unit	Half-Yearly Period Ending									
for Royalty	Unit	31.12.68	30. 6.68	31.12.67	30. 6.67	31.12.66	30. 6.66				
Natural Gas	M.C.F.	21,332,121	21,656,875	20,322,524	20,813,498	20,310,985	16,957,229				
Natural Gasoline	I.G.	2,101,916	2,124,466	1,906,982	2,148,531	2,500,739	2,361,822				
Crude Oil - Gross	bbl.	30,818,288	32,195,689	32,121,344	28,838,063	26,848,095	24,799,419				
Crude Oil Used Free of Royalty	bbl.	33,833	33,476	39,645	42,297	45,651	70,793				
Crude Oil Net	bbl.	30,784,455	32,162,213	32,081,699	28,795,766	26,802,444	24,728,626				
Crude Oil Average Royalty Value	\$/bb1.	4.57	5.01	4.60	4.51	4.45	4.35				

The data used to evaluate crude oil for crown royalty assessment for each of the last six half-yearly periods together with the royalty rates on casing head petroleum spirit for each of these periods are shown in the following table:-

A	Average Pric	e in T.& T. Cur	rency per barre	el of 34.9726 I.C	. for half-year	period ended
Product	31.12.68	30. 6.68	31.12.67	30. 6.67	31.12.66	30. 6.66
Bunker C. Grade Fuel	2.970749	3.467821	3.208750	3.364014	3.442070	3.434292
No. 2 Fuel	7.671884	8.175113	7.115781	6.807786	6.243289	6.152127
43 - 47 D.I. Gas Oil	7.782137	8.284823	7.209370	6.898483	6.331677	6.242277
48 - 52 D.I. Gas Oil	7.887798	8.389914	7.302959	6.988682	6.422032	6.332427
53 - 57 D.I. Gas Oil	7.993458	8.495004	7.396547	7.078881	6.512386	6.422578
70 - 72 Oct. M. Leaded Motor Gas	7,592638	7.385 <b>2</b> 03	7.110694	6.851141	7.118350	6.674100
Average Middle Rate for sight drafts on N.Y. Premiums in T.& T¢ per \$1.00 U.S.		100.172253	100.172253	71.807735	72.103534	71.714641
Value of Tetra-Ethyl Lead in T.T¢ per millilitre.	0. 320961	0.323964	0.340357	0.340357	0.340357	0.340357
Royalty in T.T cents per gallon on Casing Head Petroleum Spirit.	2.132352	2.076715	1.998965	1.946406	2.010555	1.893711

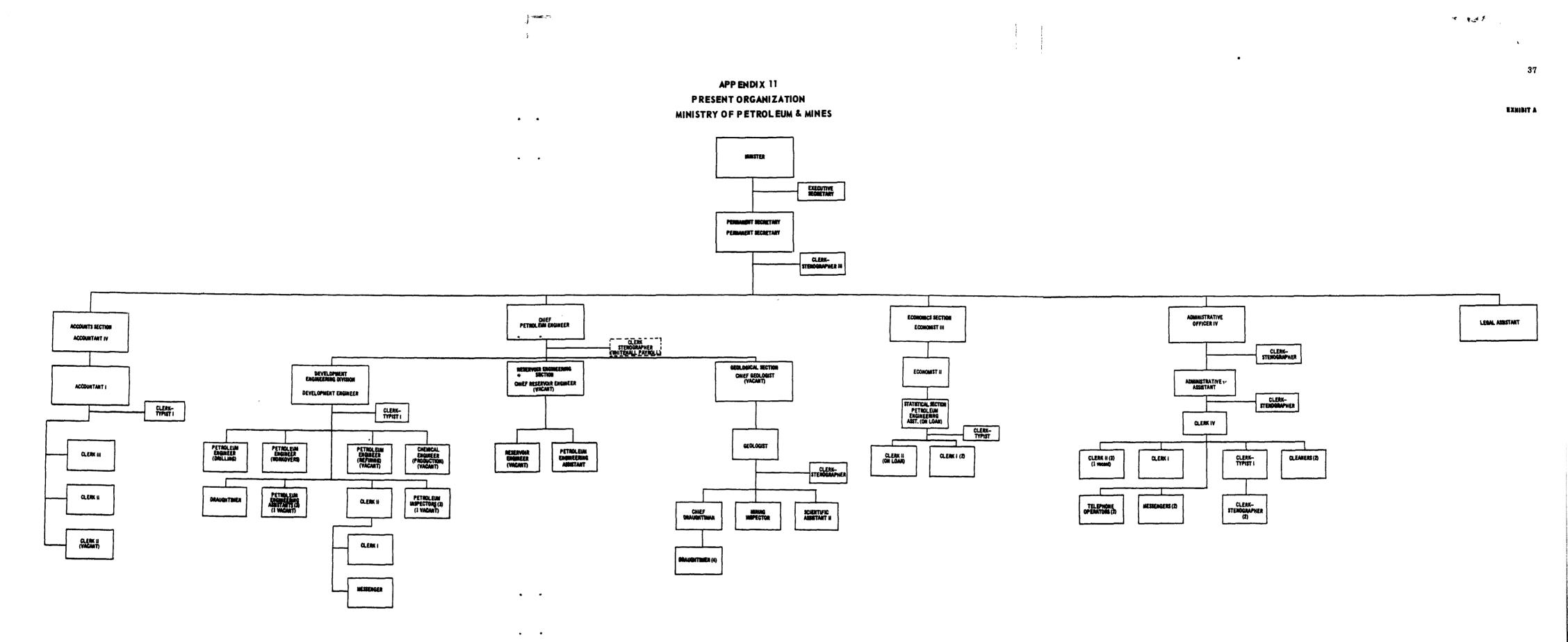
The half-yearly volume of products to which the above average prices for 1968 were applied respectively in calculating royalty on Crude Oil will be found in Appendix VIII.

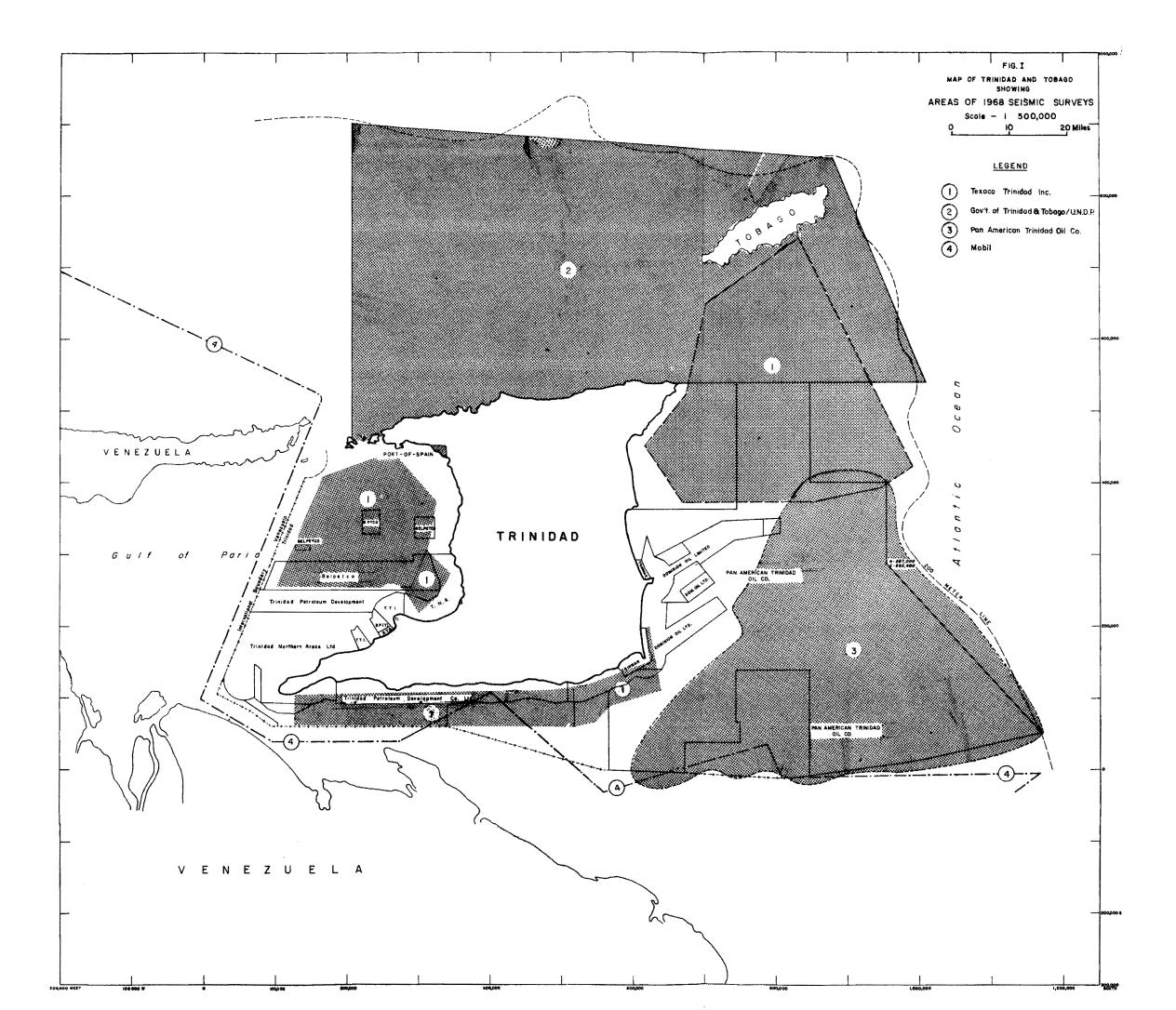
## APPENDIX X. THE ASPHALT INDUSTRY

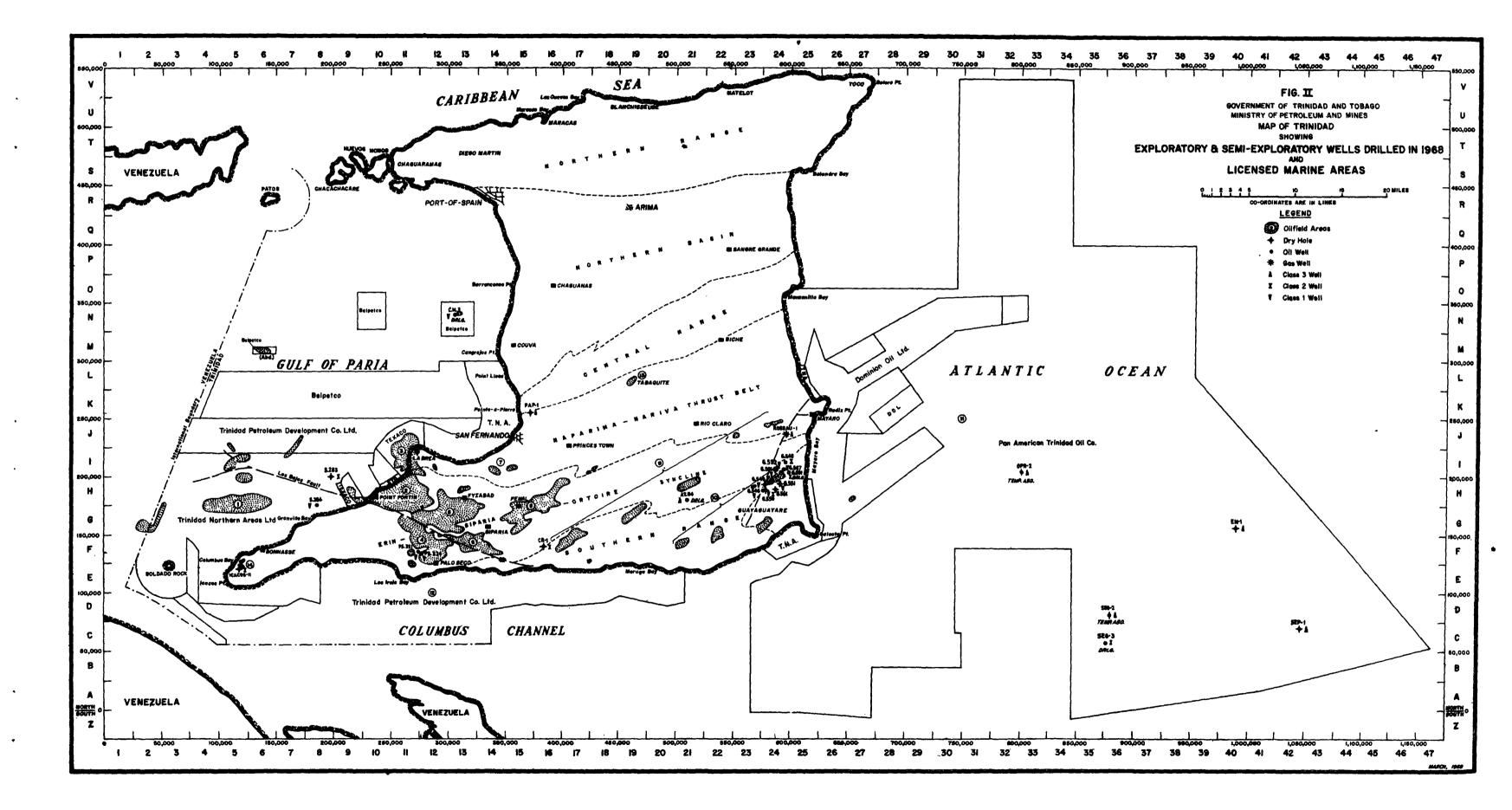
The following table shows, for the year 1966, 1967, and 1968, the quantity of Natural Asphalt extracted from the Pitch Lake and the quantities of derived products which were exported and consumed locally

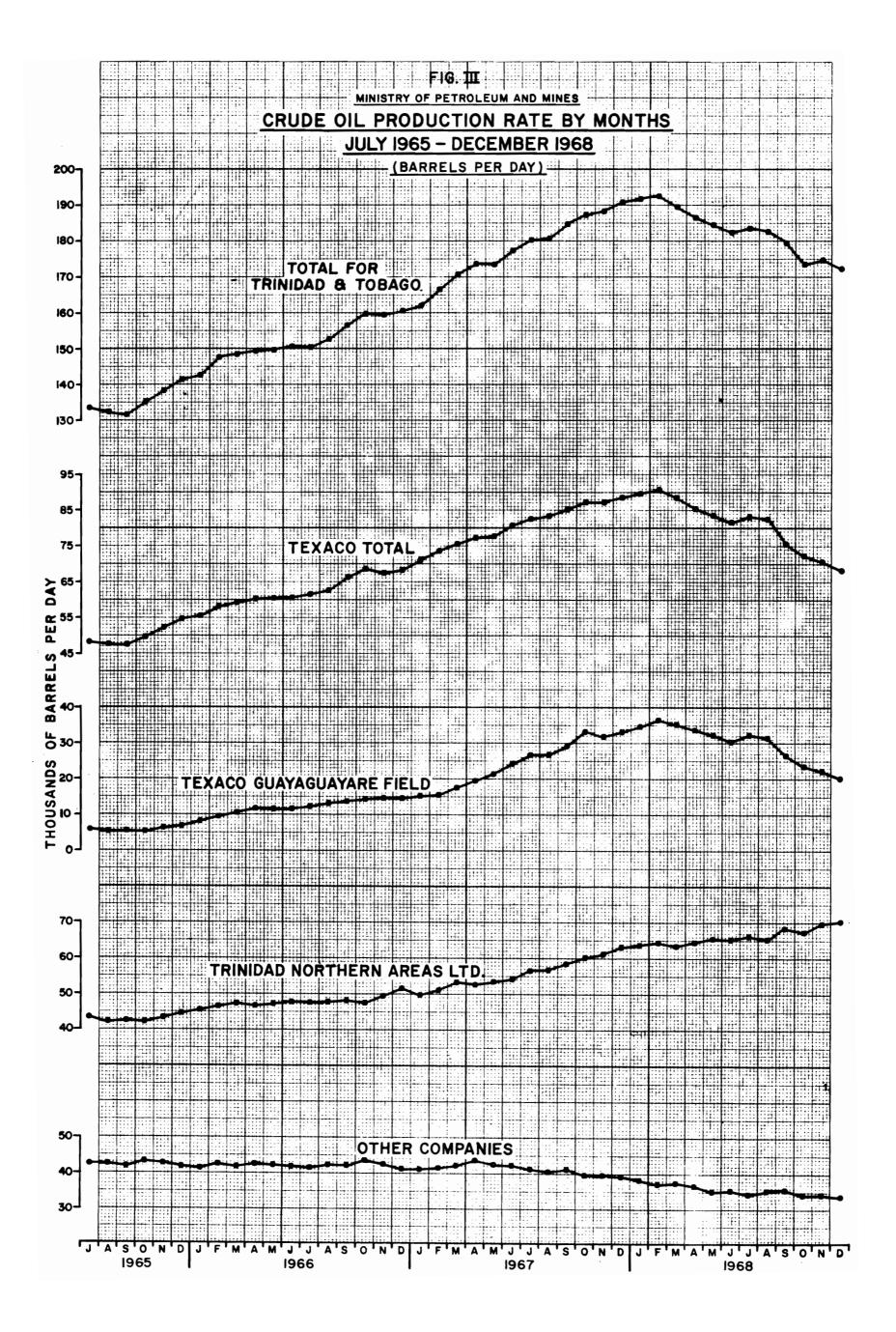
<u></u>			- Tons -	
		1966	1967	1968
	NATURAL ASPHALT			
Extracted by Works a	nd Hydraulics Department for local use	67,022	53, 491	51,176
Extracted by the Trin	idad Lake Asphalt Company	90,205	88,953	84,865
	TOTAL	157,227	142,444	136,041
Derived Products Man	nufactured by the Company			
EXPORTED	Crude Asphalt	-	4	-
. ,	Dried Asphalt	66,543	60,290	56,013
	Cement Asphalt	2,541	2, 567	1,385
	TOTAL	69,084	62,861	57,398
LOCAL SALES	Crude Asphalt	562	610	529
	Dried Asphalt	310	299	340
	Cement Asphalt	17	73	55
	TOTAL	889	982	924

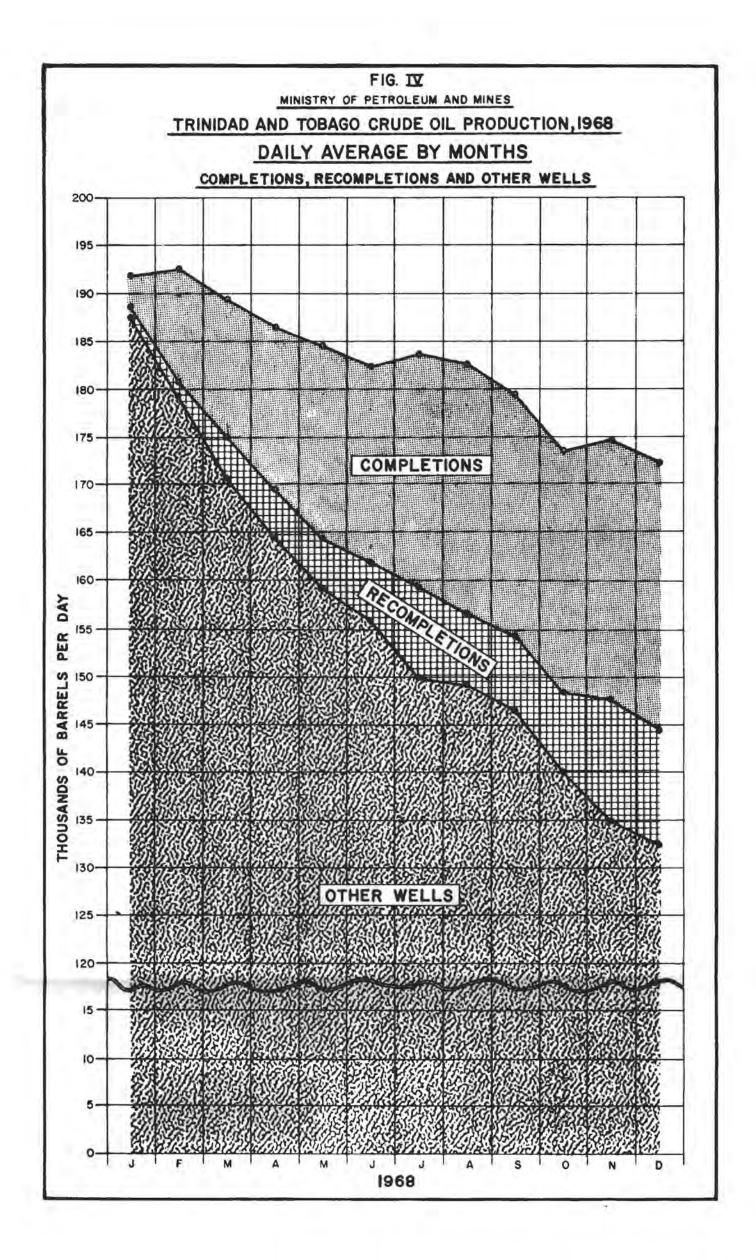
Note:- The above tabulations 1 long Ton = 2240 lbs.

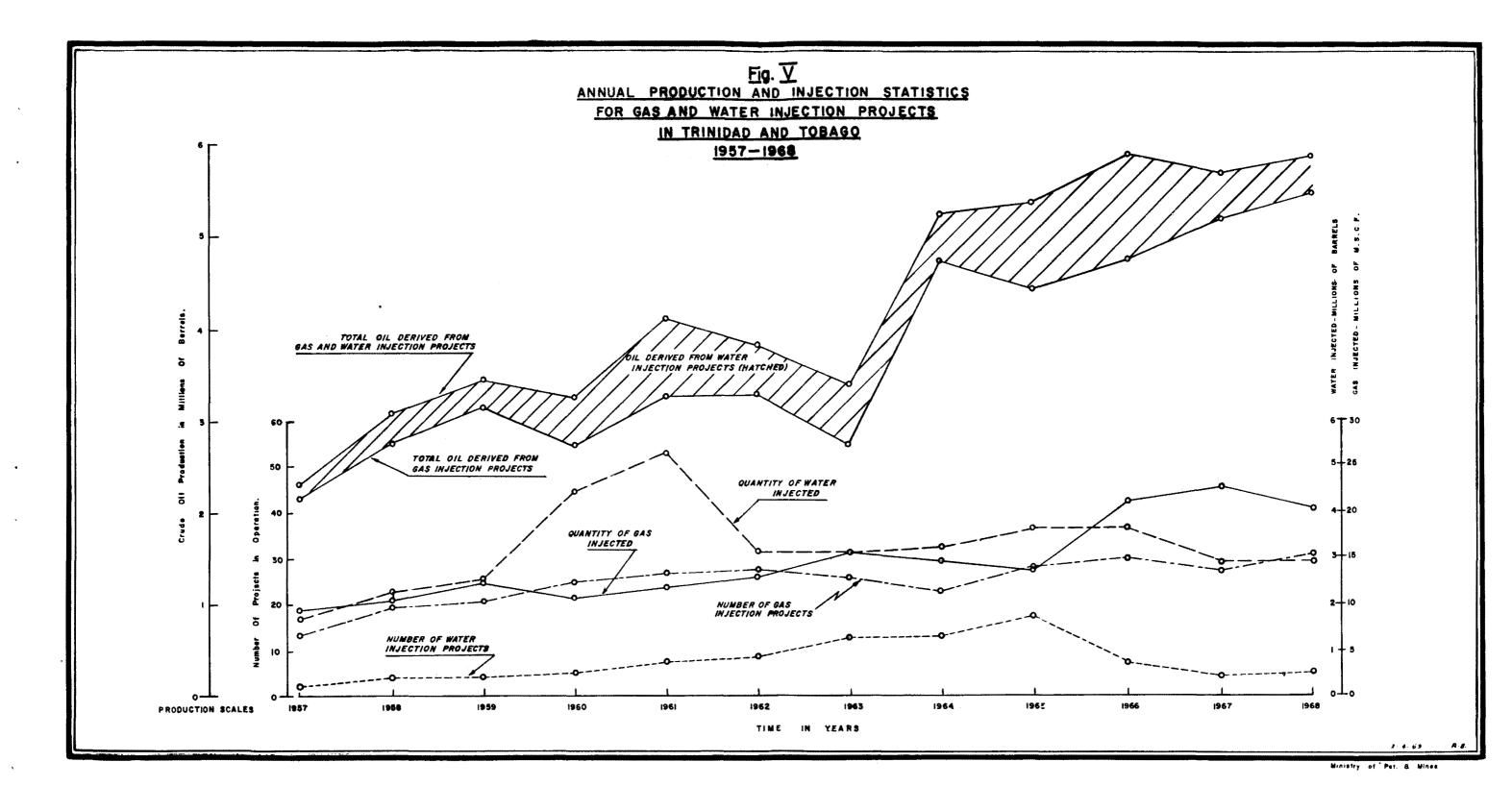


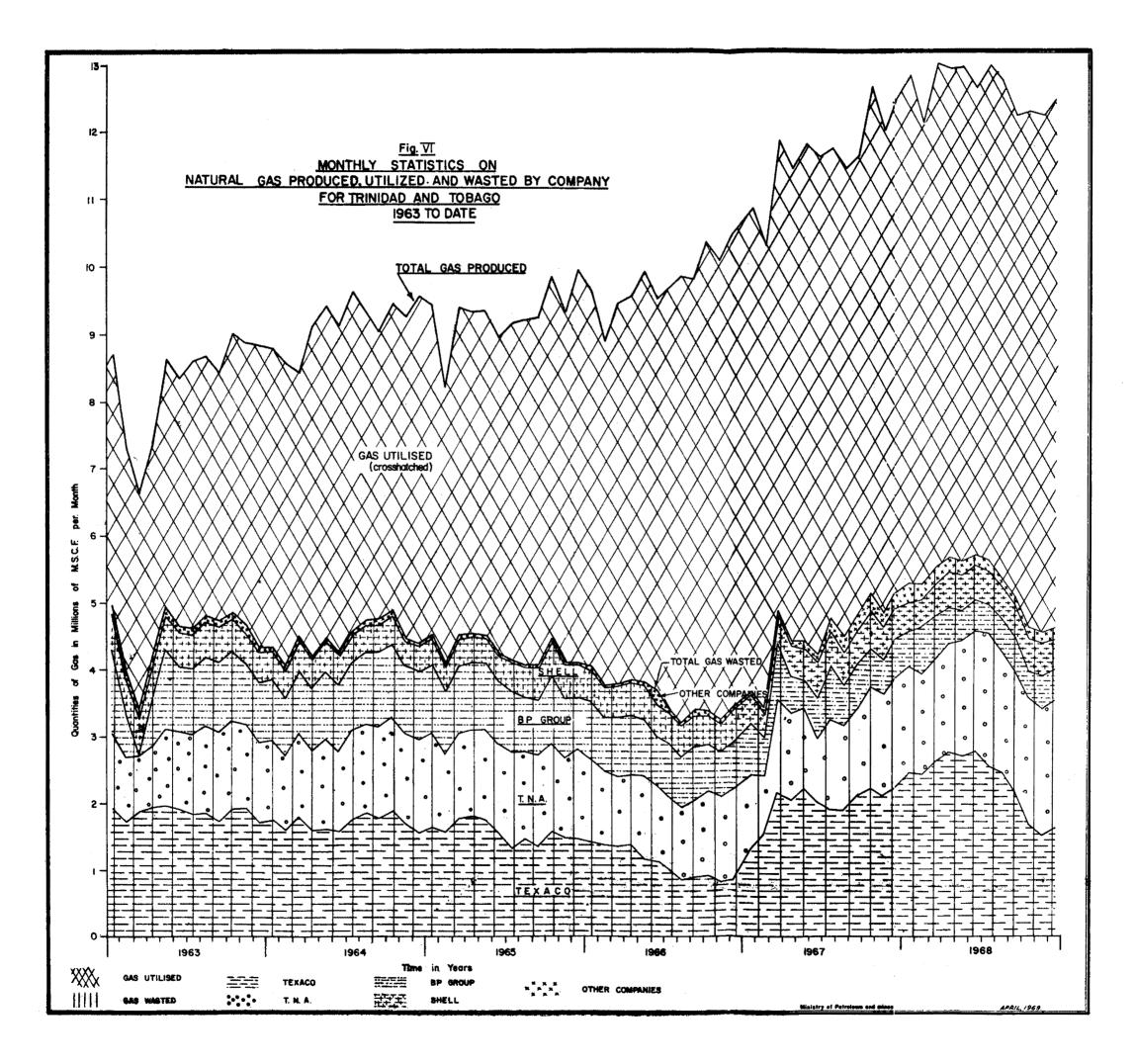


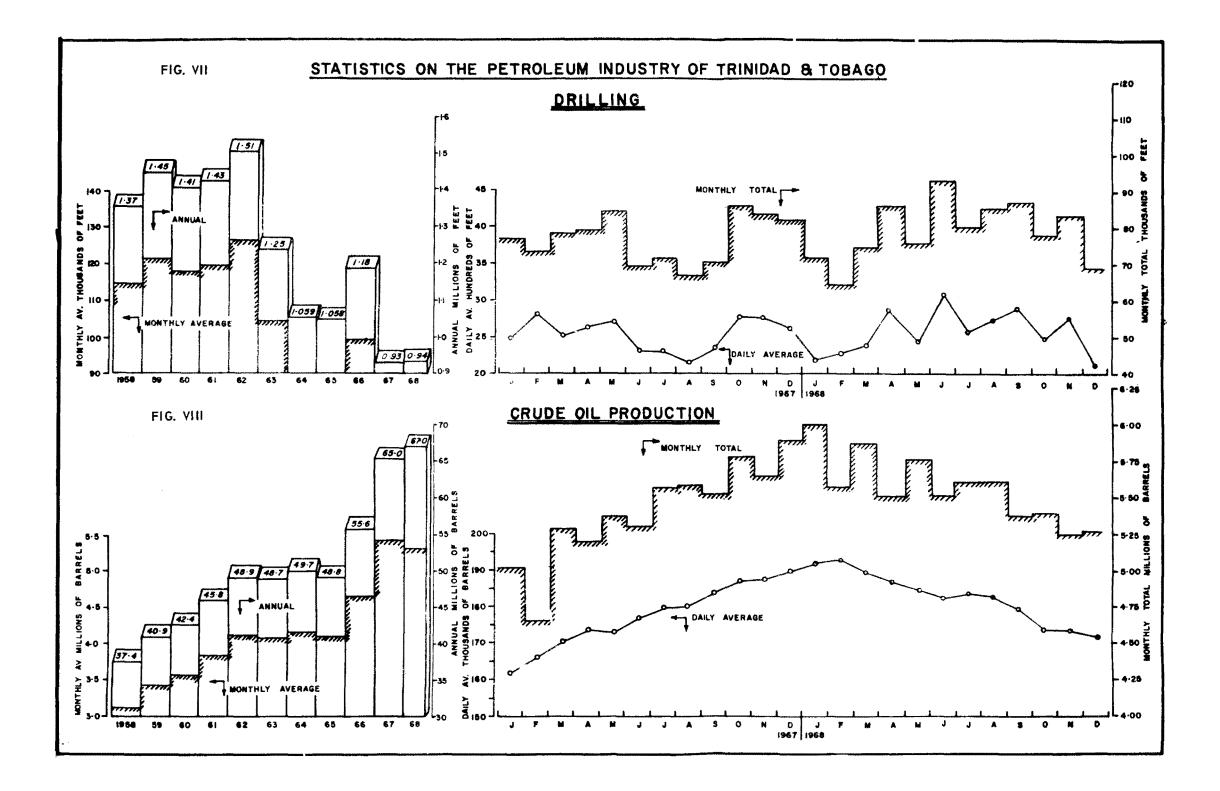


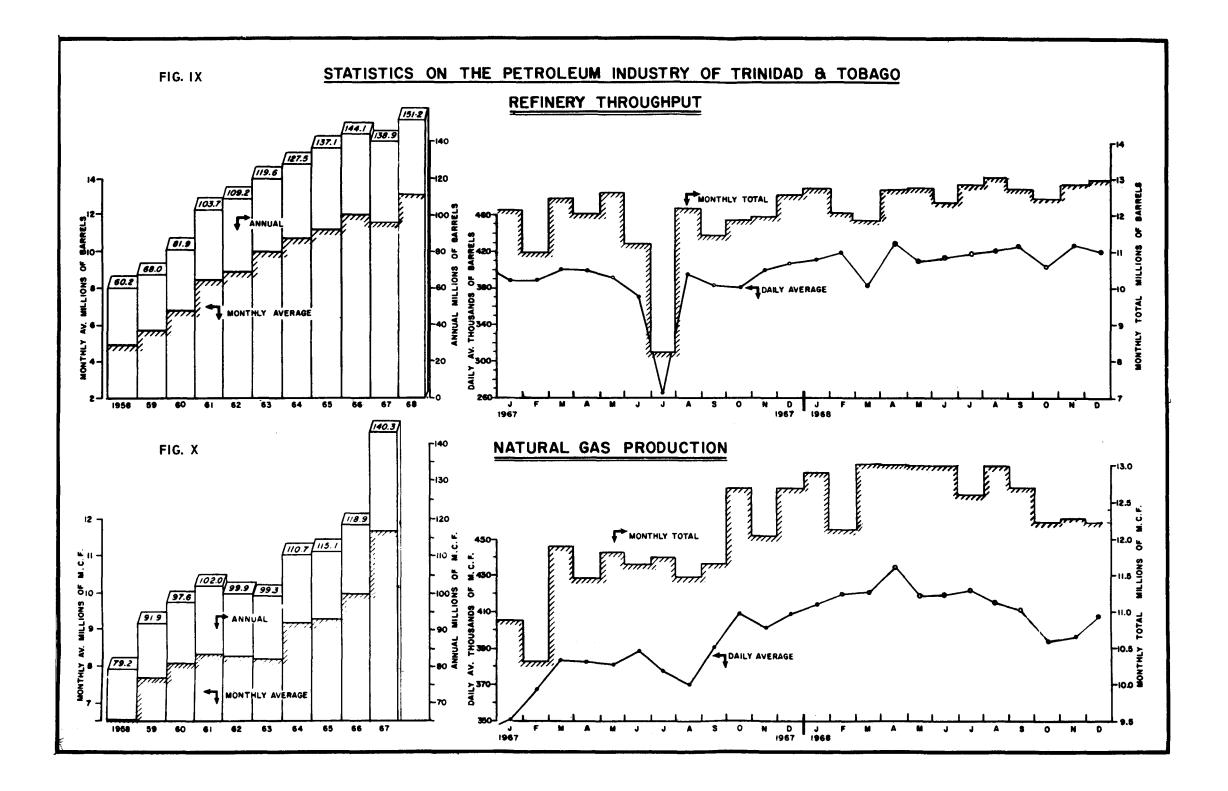






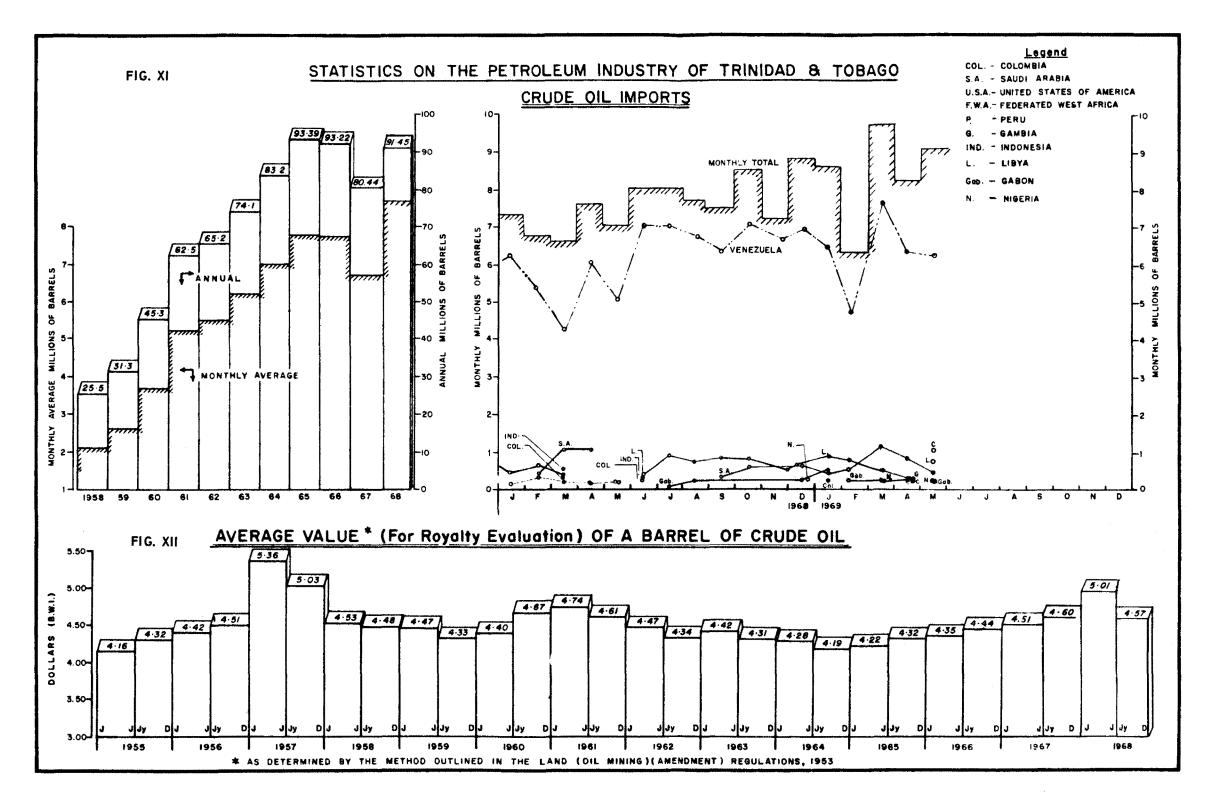




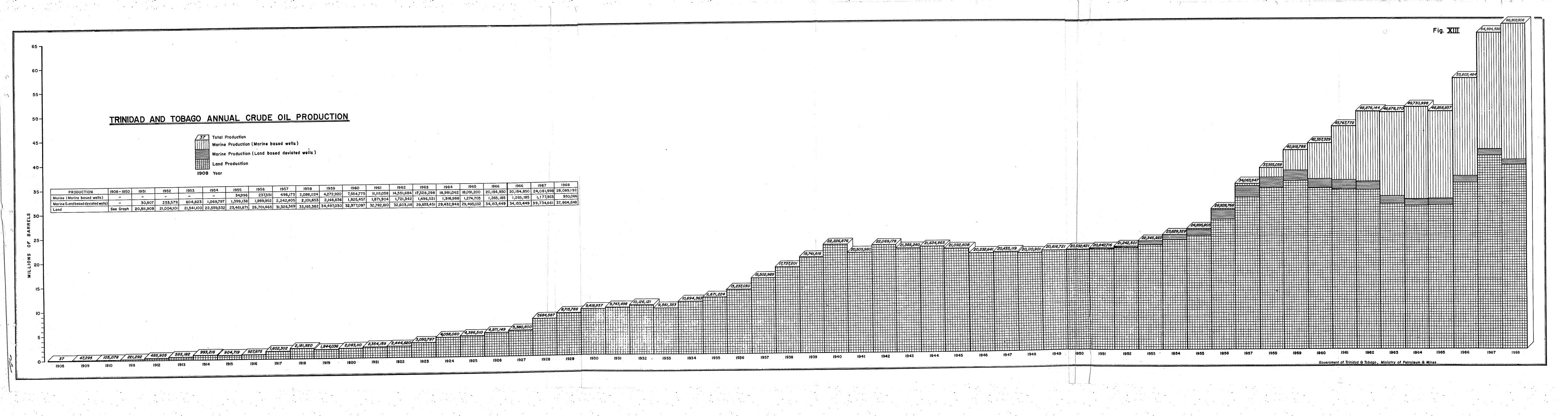


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